



Characterizing Load Imbalance in Real-World Networked Caches

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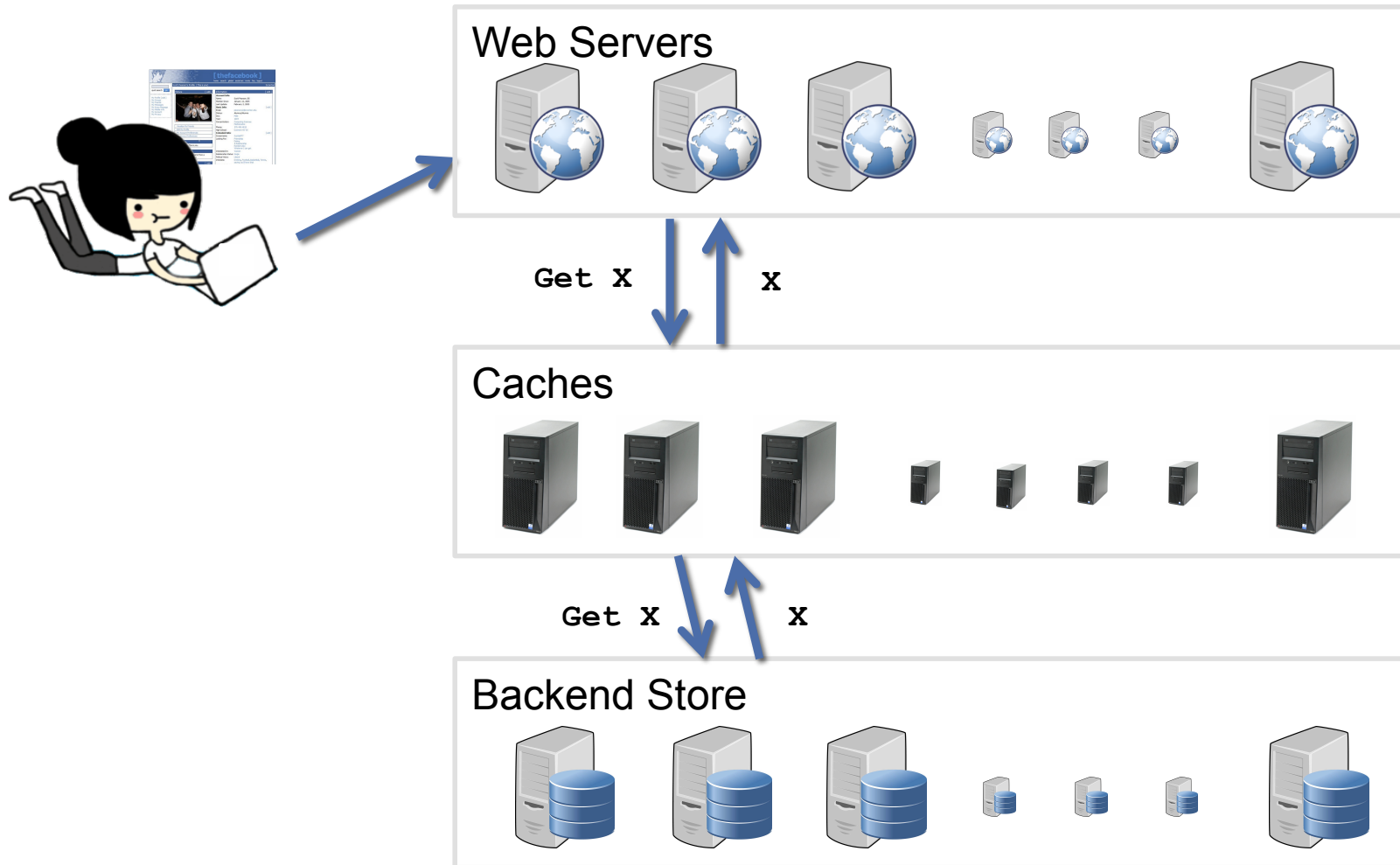
Emory U, Reykjavik U

Technion

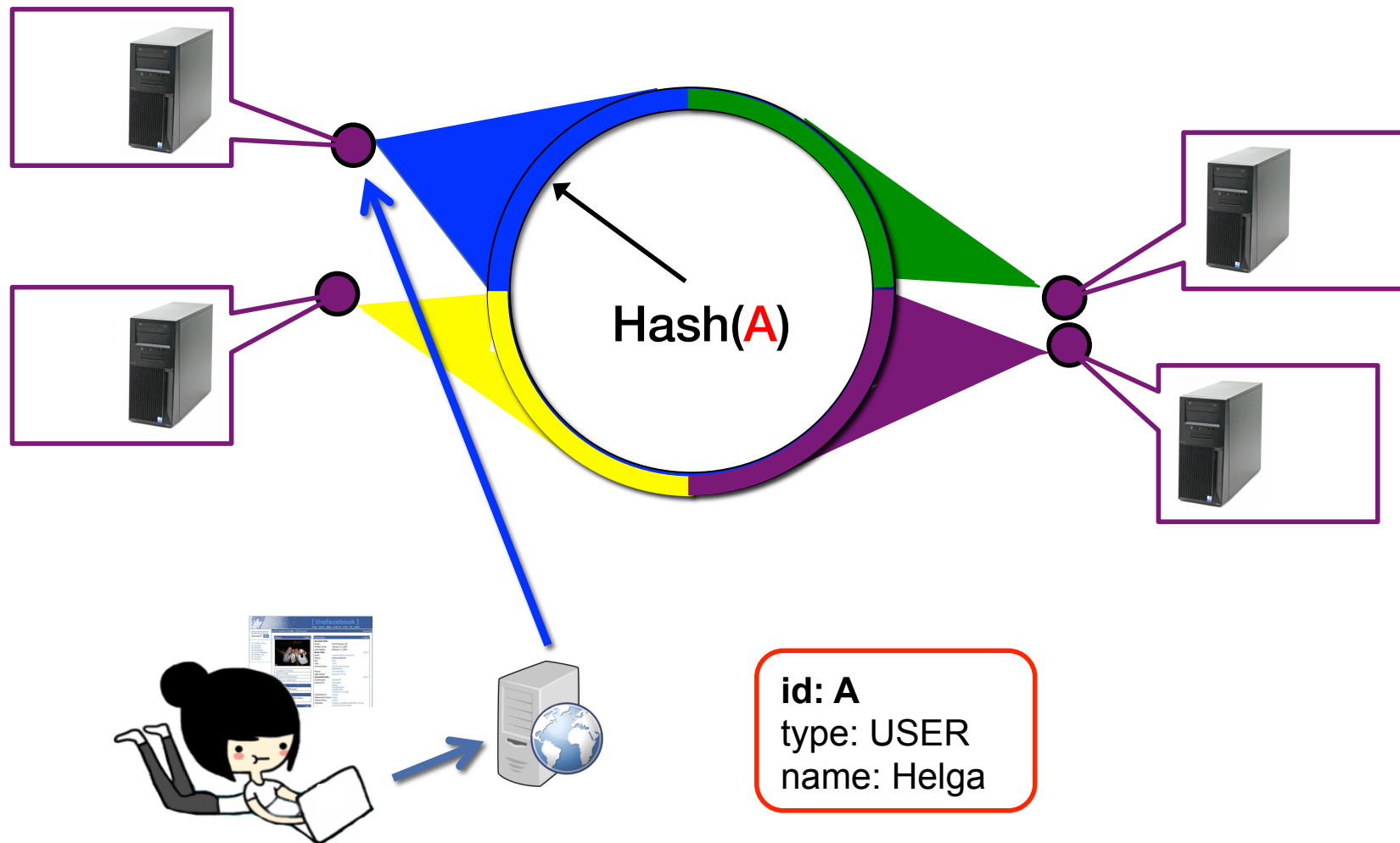
Cornell U

Cornell U

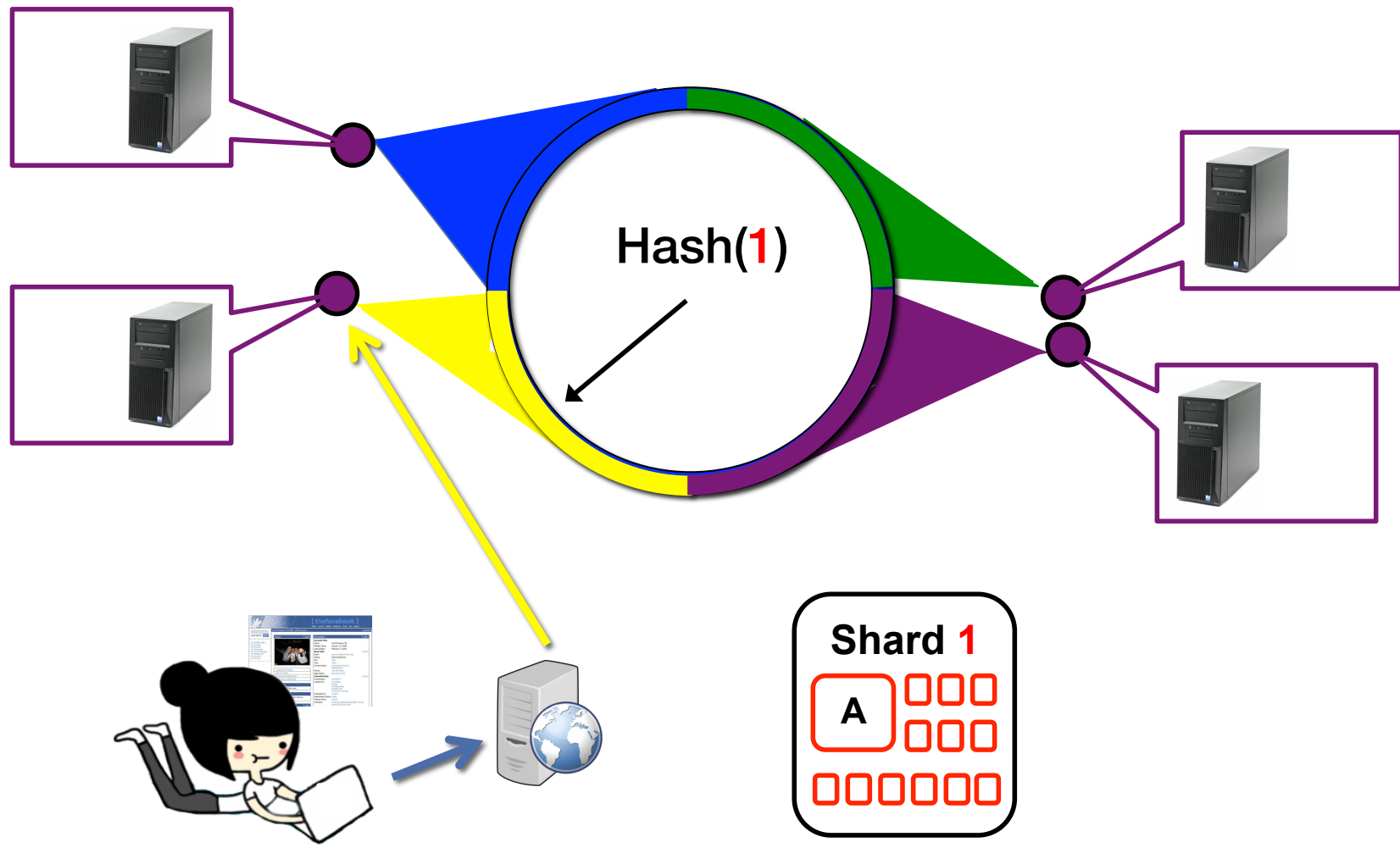
Networked Caches in Real-World Web Stack



Partitioning Data

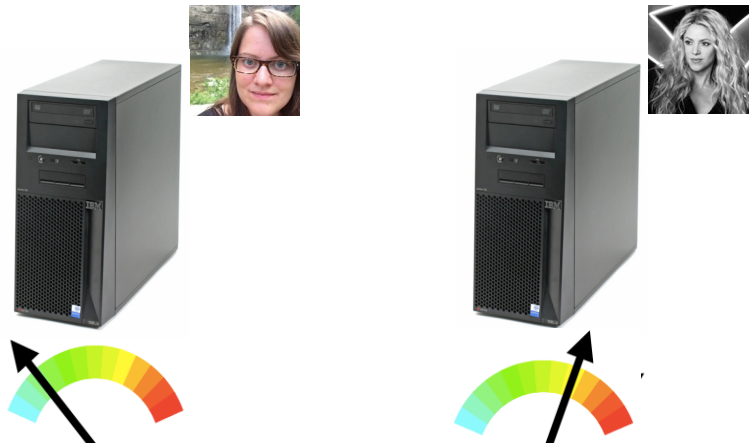


Partitioning Data



Causes of Load Imbalance

- Hashing schemes balance **quantity** of content per server.
- However, content **popularity** varies!
- Need to provision servers to handle peak load.
- Lack of real-world data to verify suspicions.



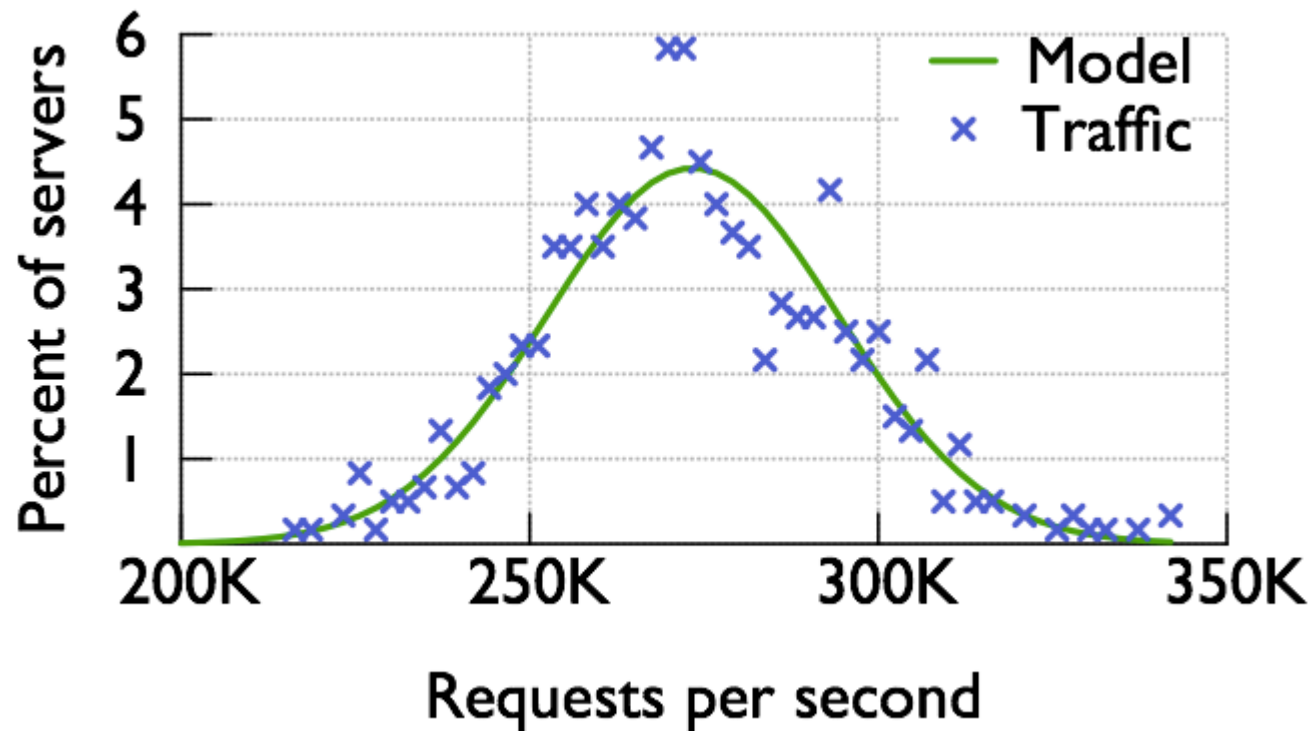
Questions

- What is the state of load imbalance?
- What contributes to load imbalance?

- How effective are current techniques?
- How might they be improved?

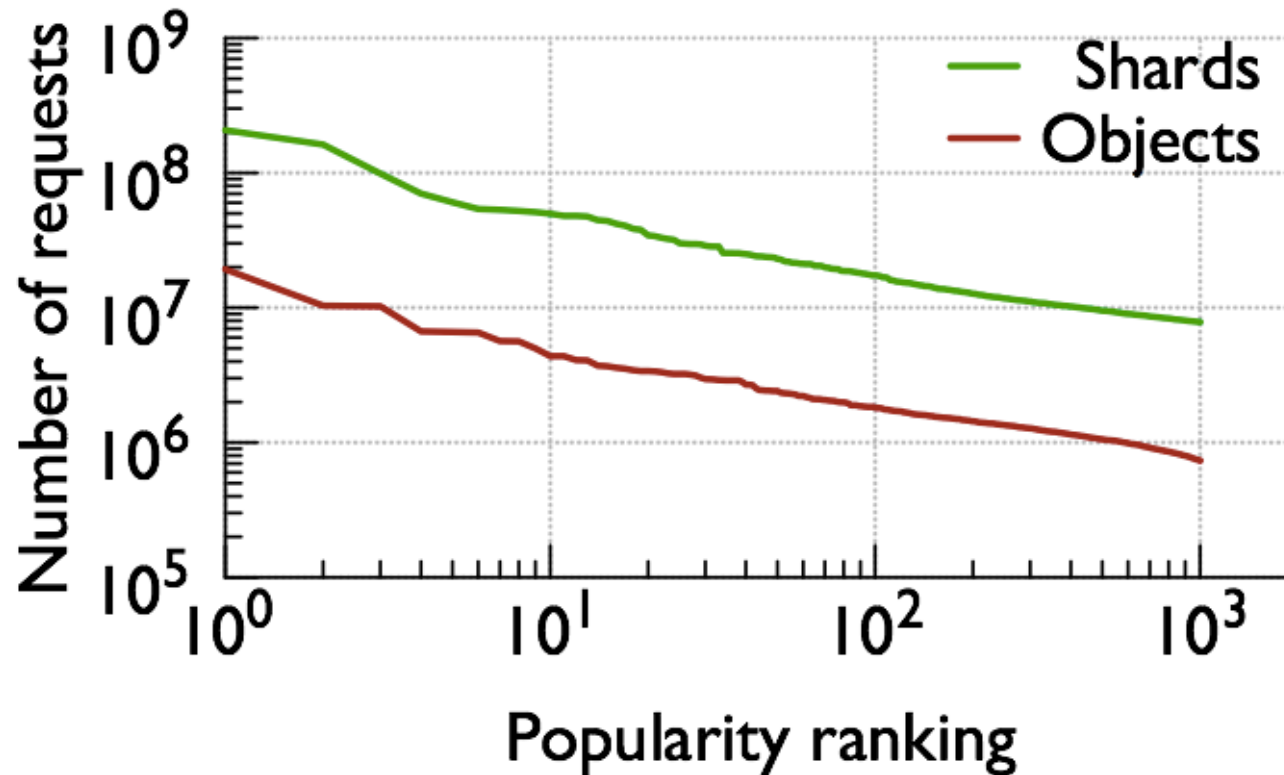
Sampled production traffic in **TAO**, serving Facebook's social graph.

What is the State of Load Imbalance?



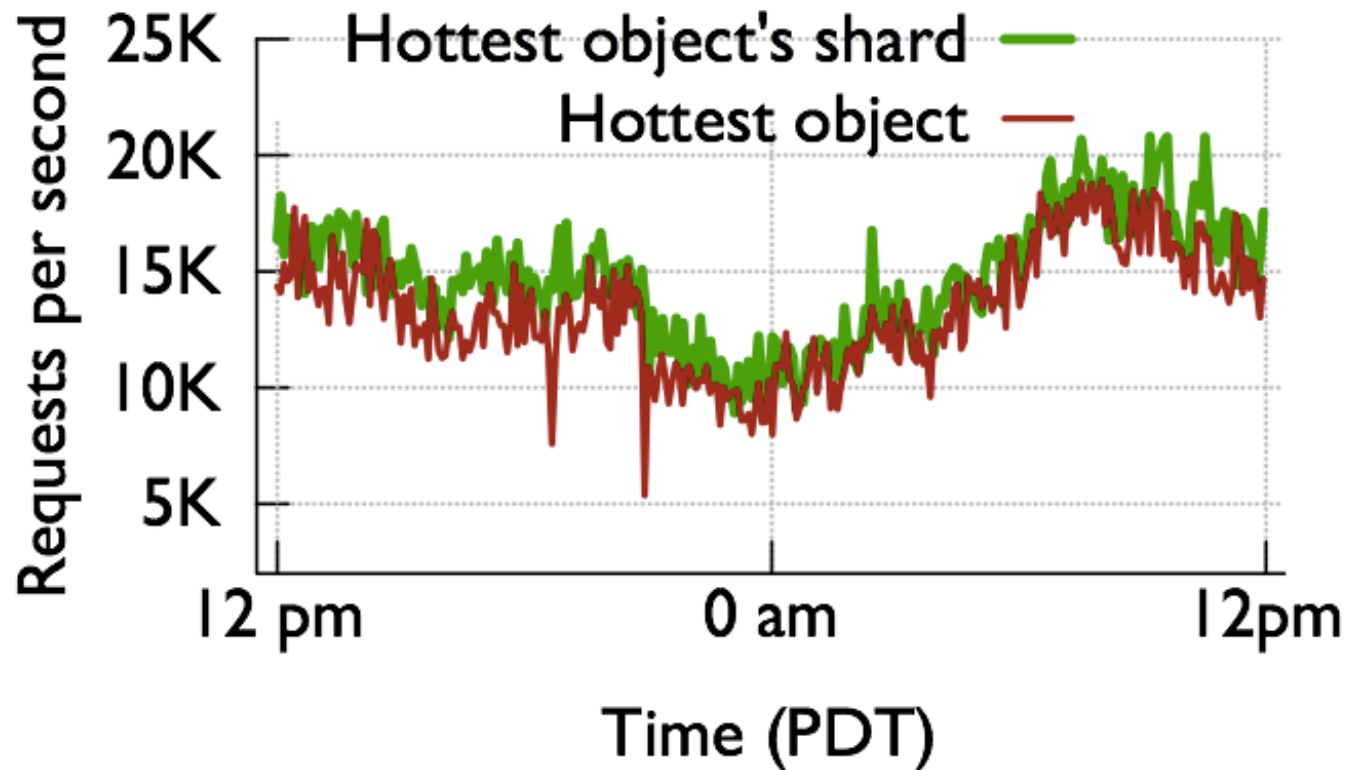
Significant load imbalance observed in TAO.

Possible Causes: Content Popularity



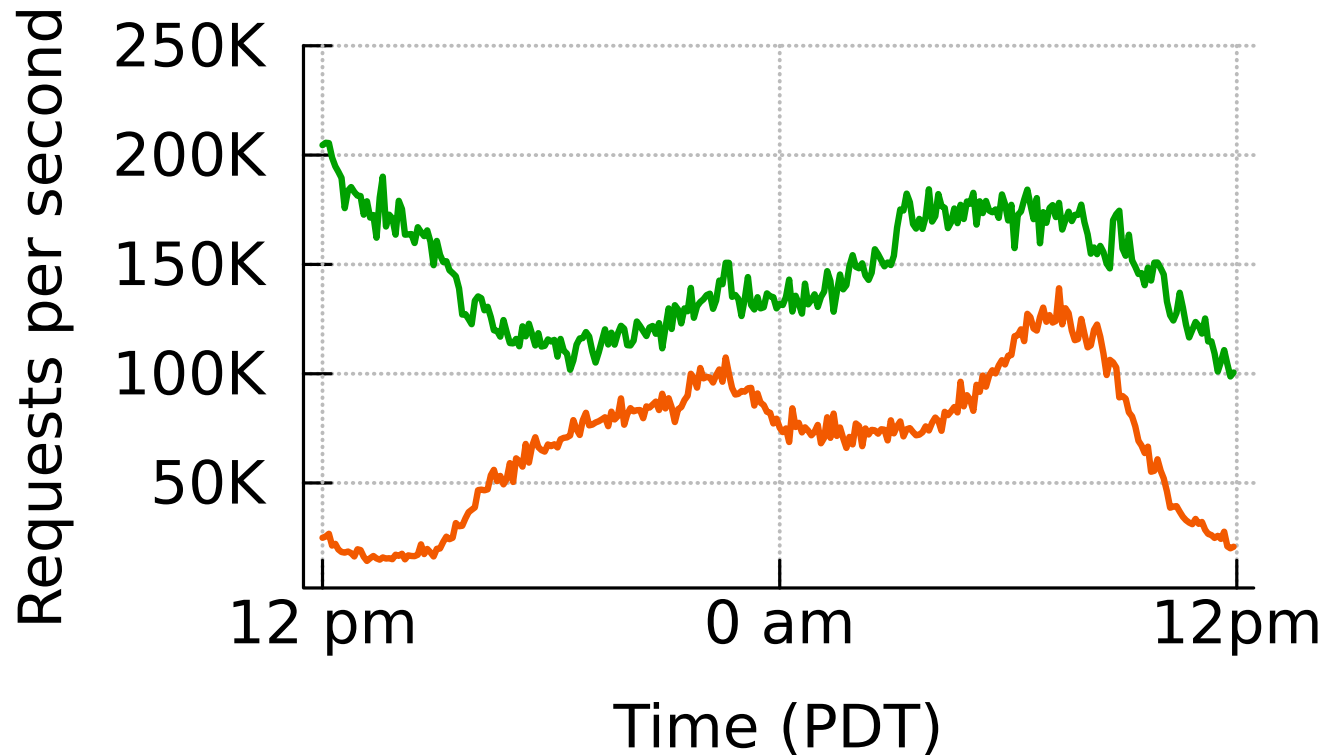
Skewed content popularity observed at both **shard** and **object** level.

Possible Causes: Hot Objects



Very hot **objects** alone are **not** a major cause of load imbalance.

Possible Causes: Hot Shards



Popular **shards** receive significantly higher load, compared to hot objects.

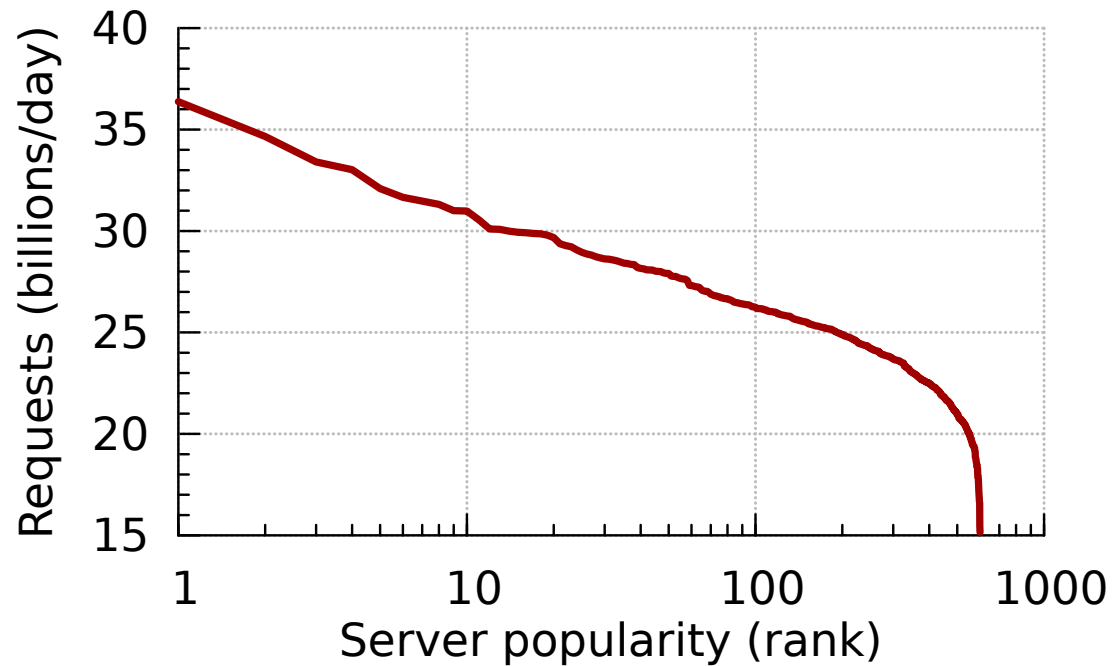
How Effective are Current Techniques?

- **Hashing:** Balance **number** of shards across servers.
- **Replication:** Divide **load** of popular shards among servers.

Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None			
TAO			
Perfect			

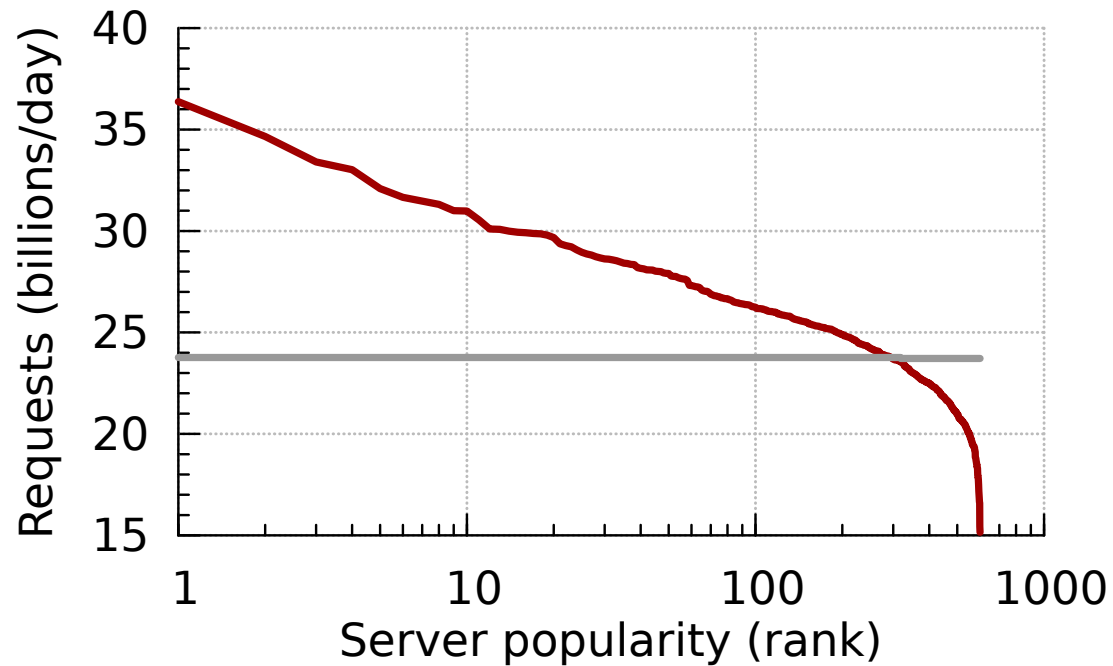
- **Metric:** **Maximum load** versus **average**.

Where We Are Today



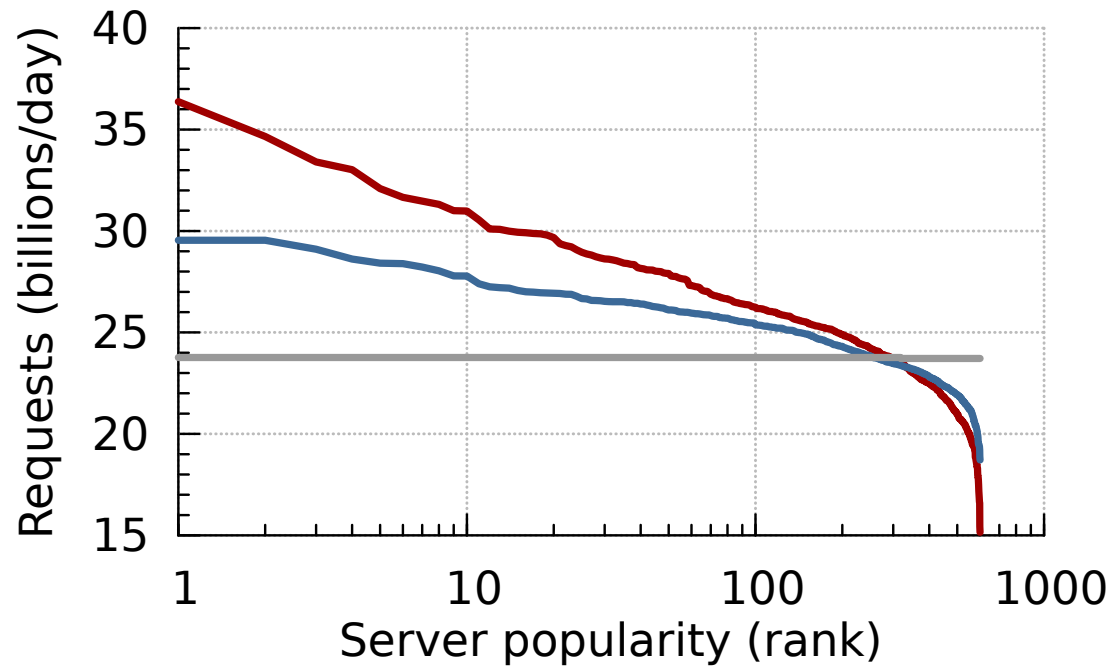
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53		
TAO			
Perfect			

Where We Are Today



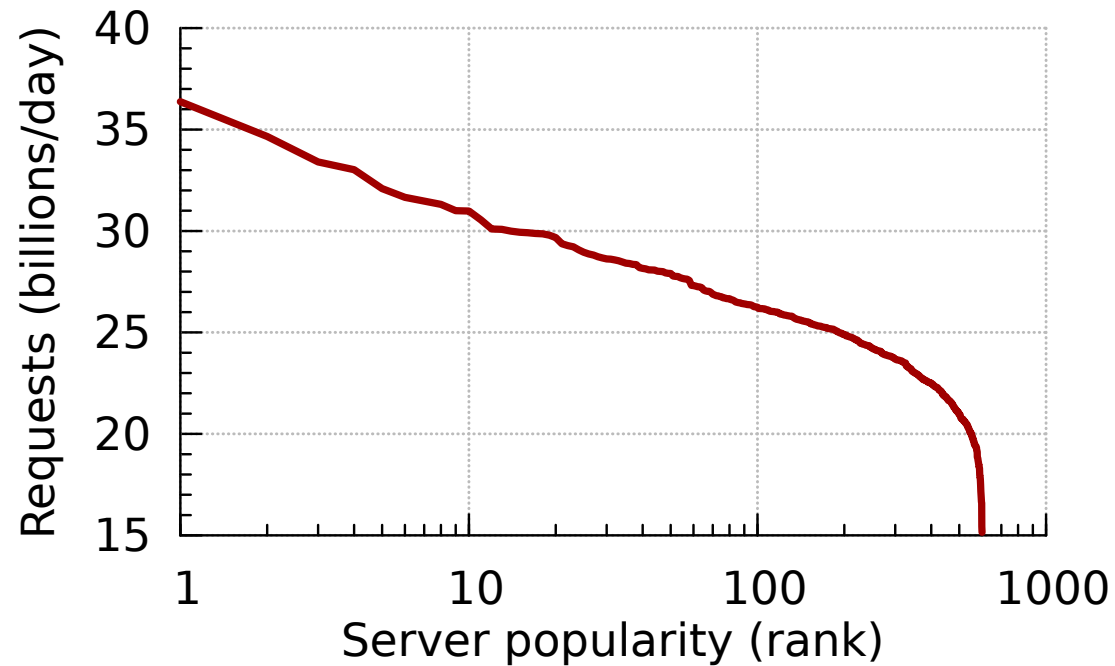
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53		
TAO			
Perfect			1.00

Where We Are Today



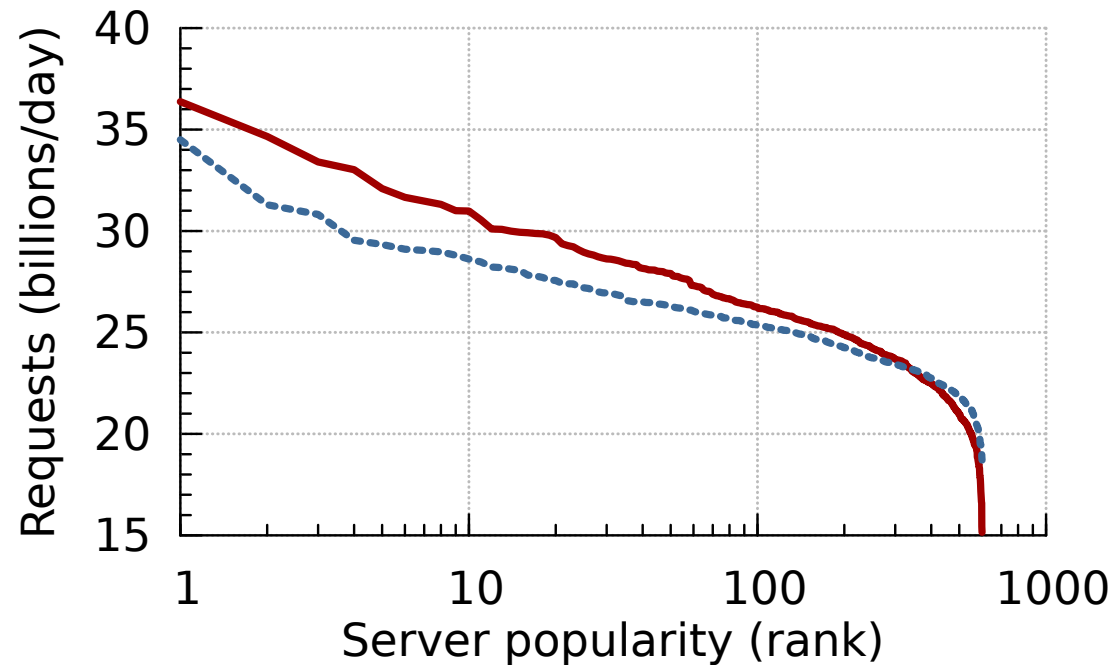
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53		
TAO		1.25	
Perfect			1.00

Hashing Schemes w/o Replication



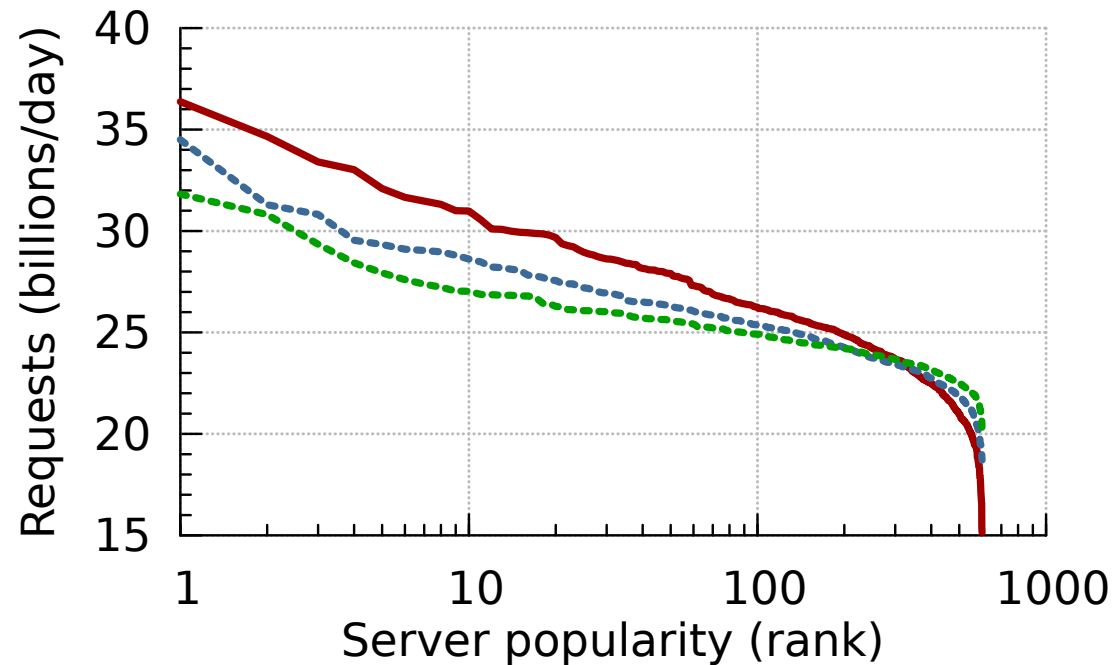
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53		
TAO		1.25	
Perfect			1.00

Hashing Schemes w/o Replication



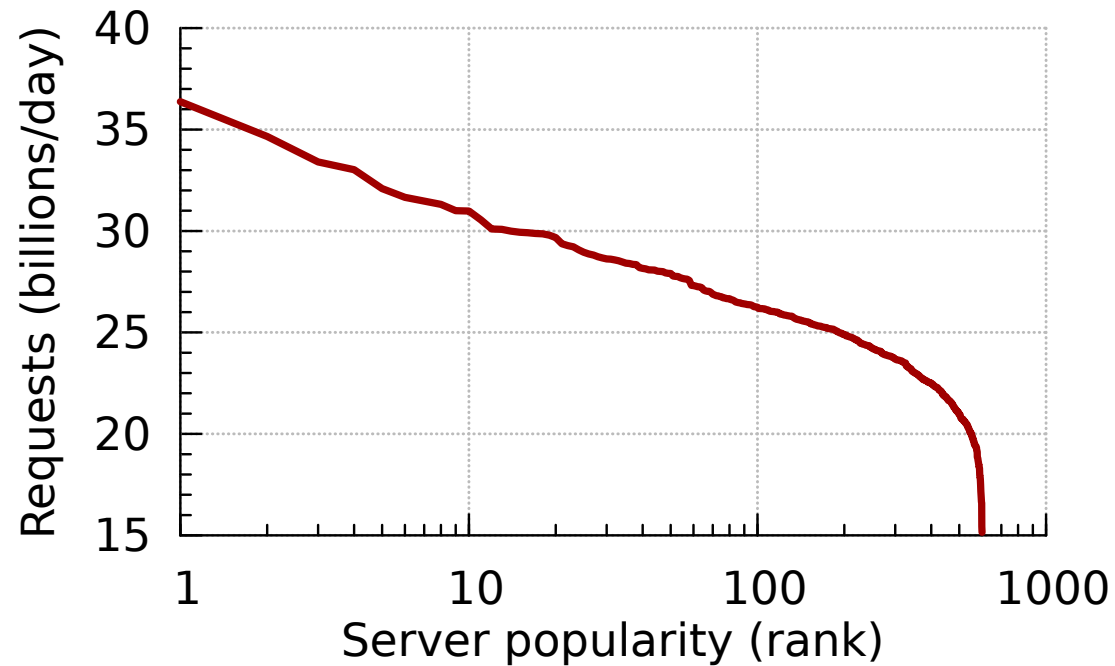
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	
TAO		1.25	
Perfect			1.00

Hashing Schemes w/o Replication



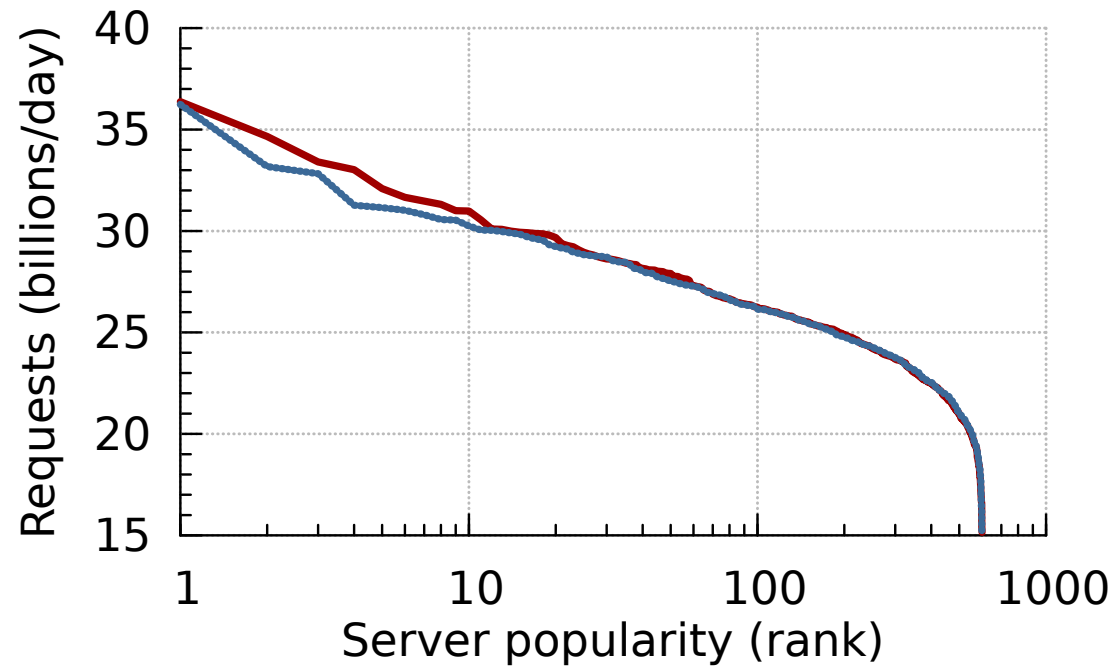
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO		1.25	
Perfect			1.00

libketama Hashing



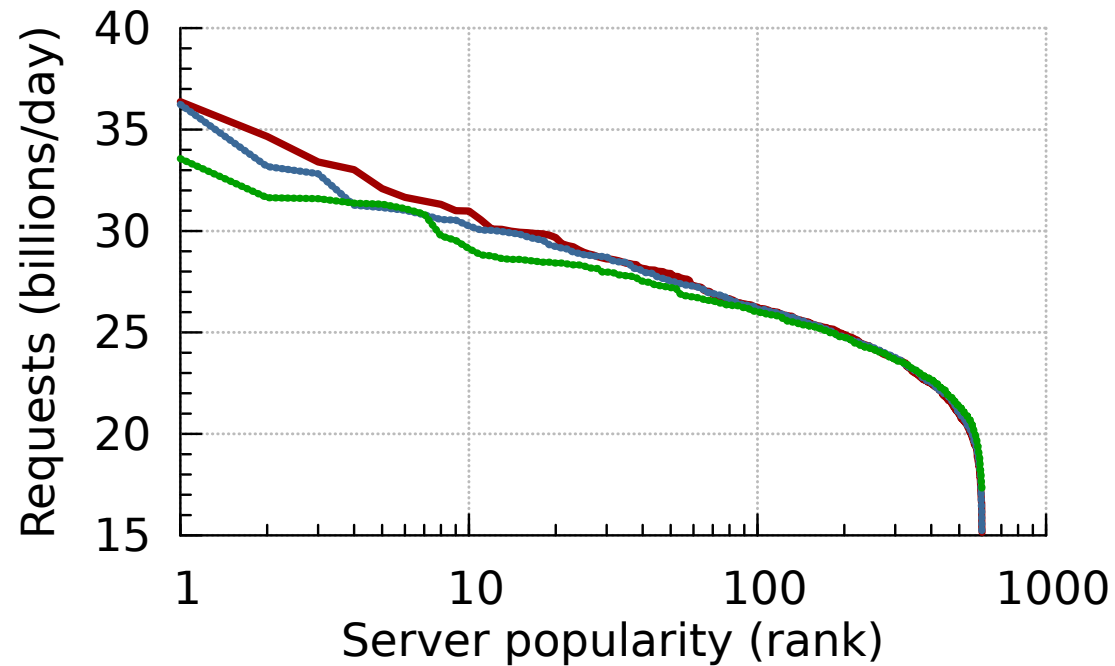
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO		1.25	
Perfect			1.00

libketama Hashing



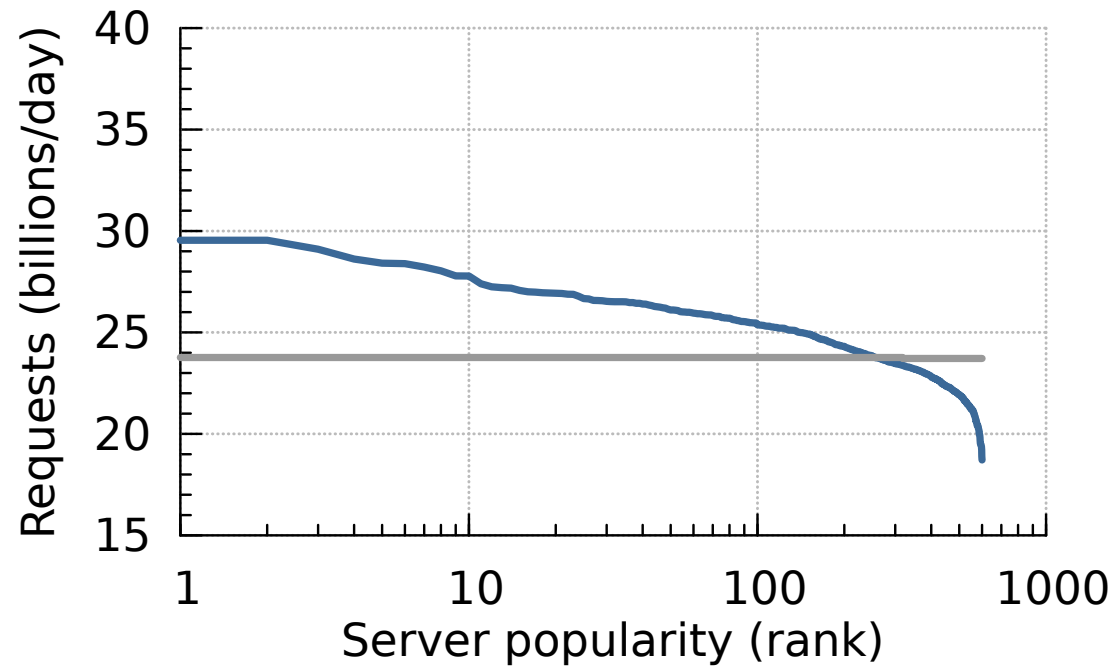
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	
Perfect			1.00

libketama Hashing



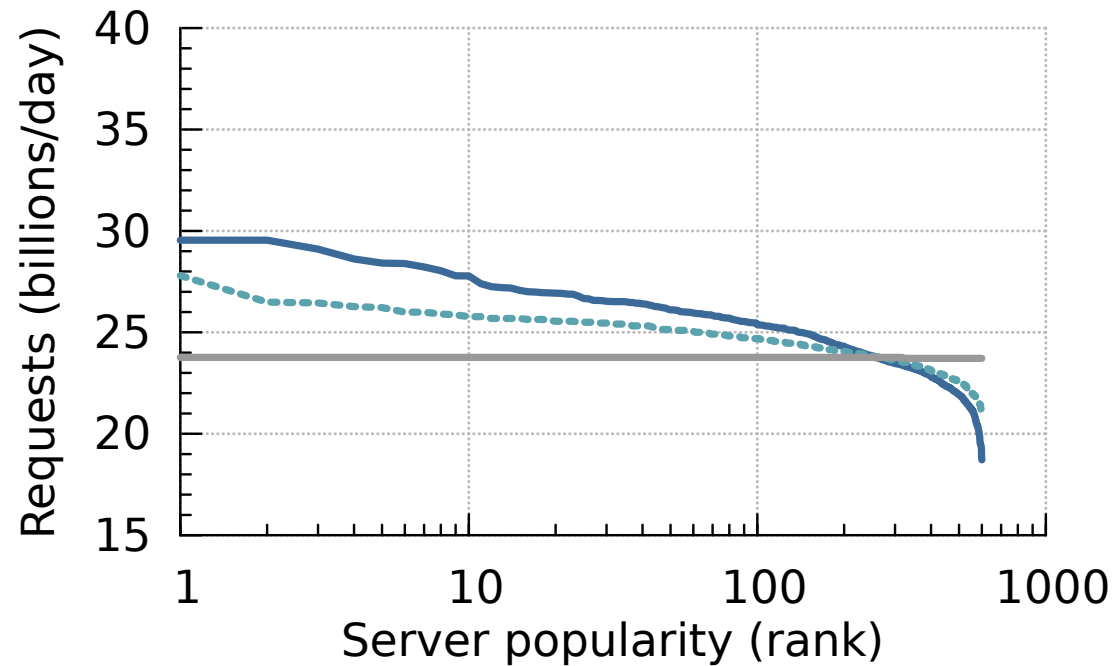
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	
Perfect	1.41		1.00

TAO: Room For Improvement



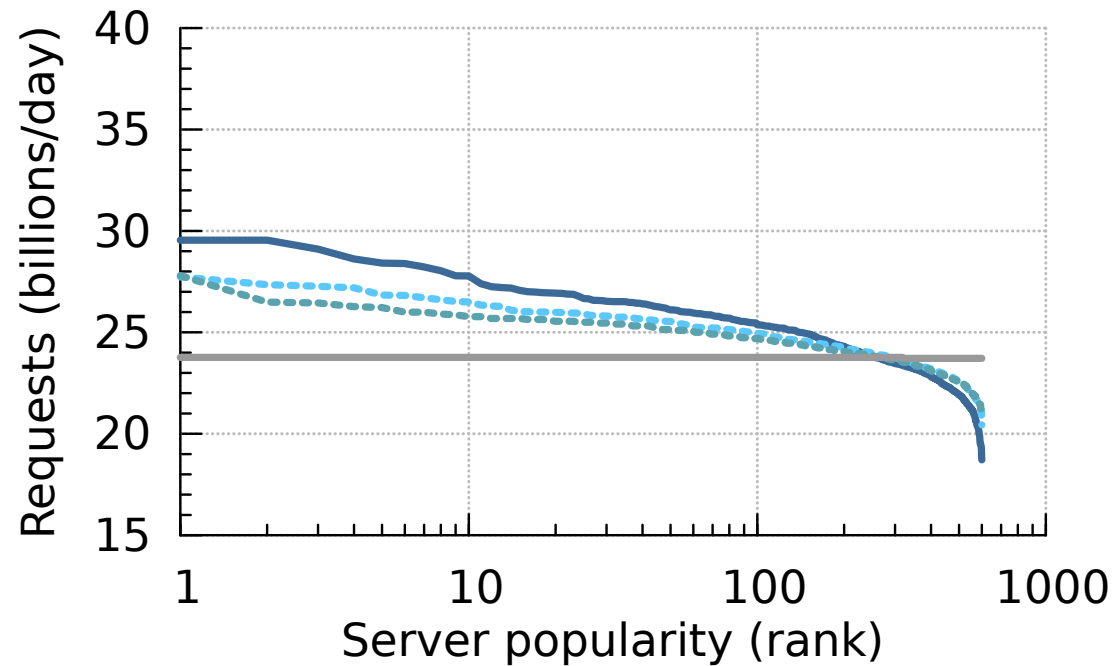
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	
Perfect	1.41		1.00

TAO: Room For Improvement



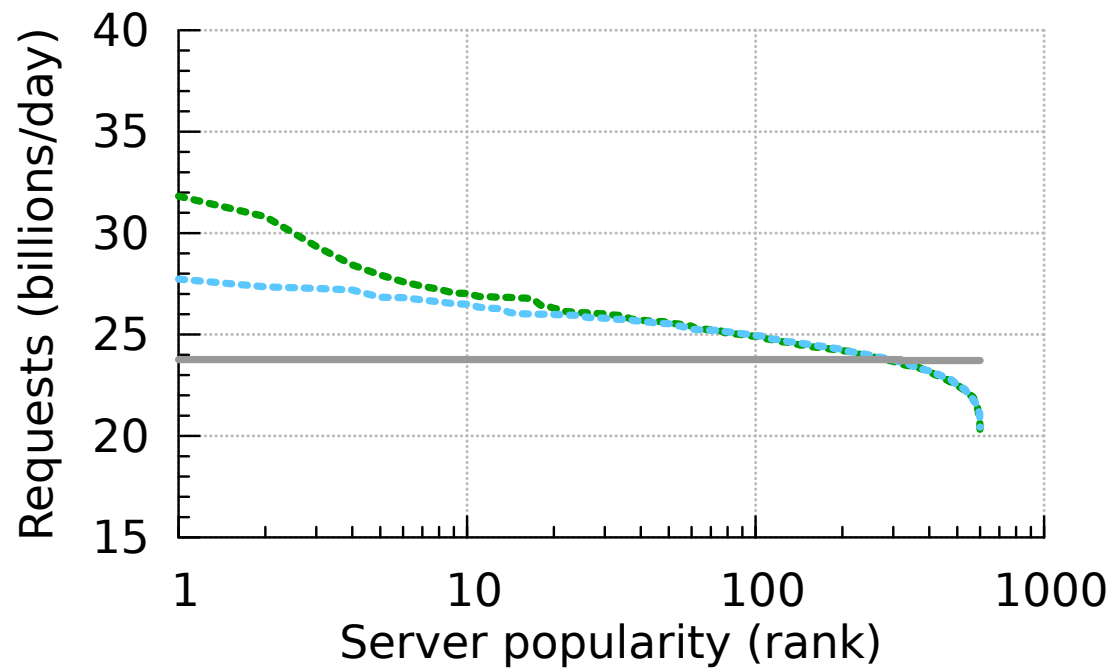
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	
Perfect	1.41	1.18	1.00

TAO: Room For Improvement



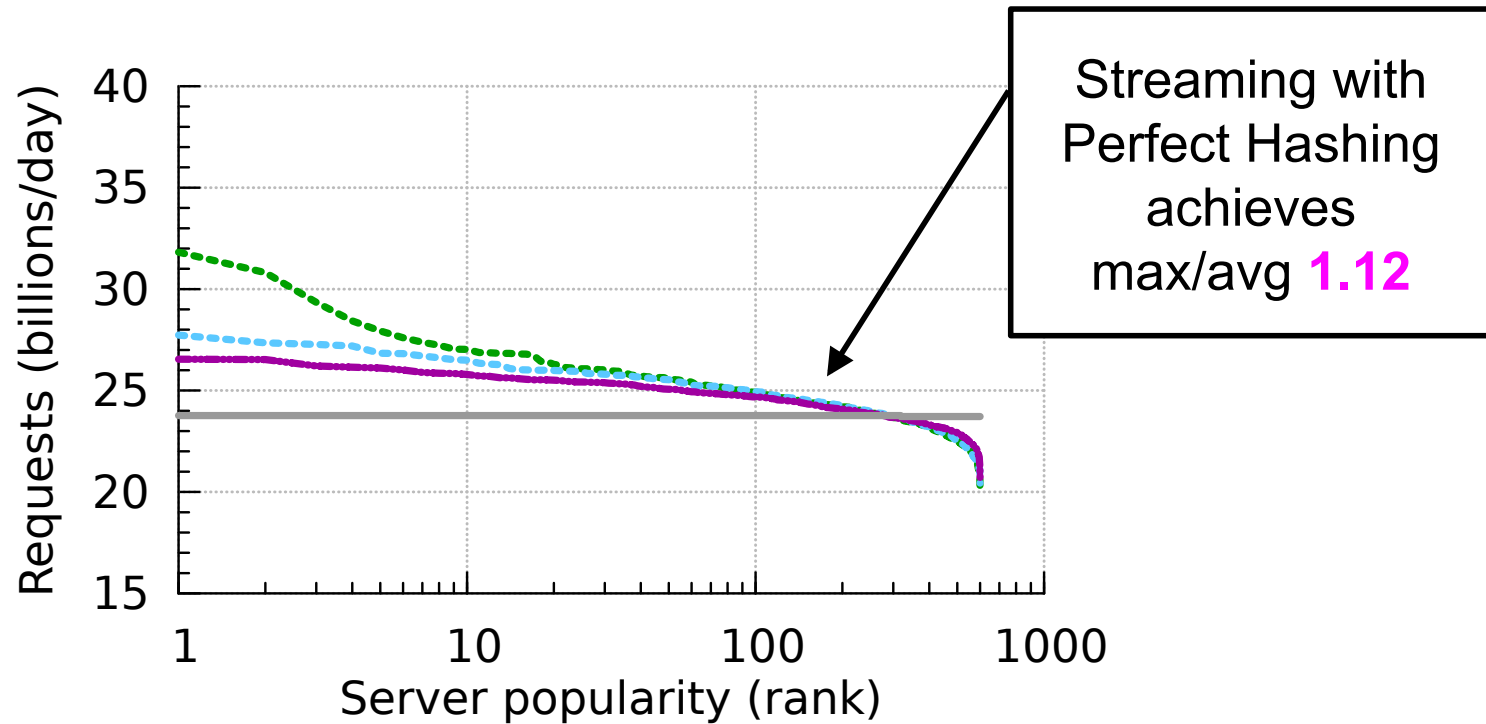
Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	1.17
Perfect	1.41	1.18	1.00

Streaming Replication



Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	1.17
Perfect	1.41	1.18	1.00

Streaming Replication



Replication	Hashing		
	libketama	TAO	Perfect
None	1.53	1.46	1.34
TAO	1.53	1.25	1.17
Perfect	1.41	1.18	1.00

Summary and Future Work

- Characterized how hashing and replication affect load imbalance.
- Can streaming algorithms replicate content before its popularity surges?
- Can we predict popularity spikes and prevent hotspots?

Questions?