

Is Information-Centric Multi-Tree Routing Feasible?

ICN workshop 2013

Michele Papalini (University of Lugano)

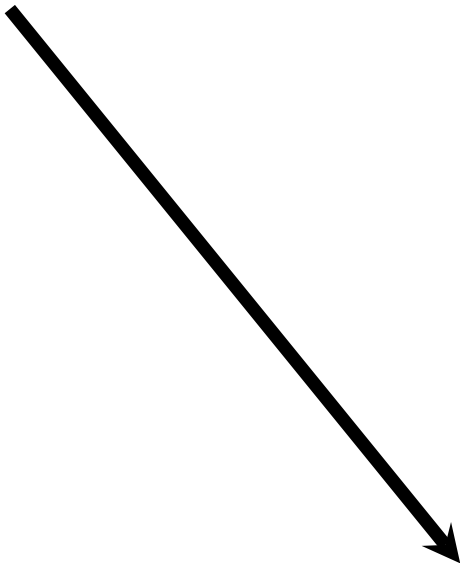
joint work with:

Antonio Carzaniga (University of Lugano)

Koorosh Khazaei (University of Lugano)

Alexander L. Wolf (Imperial College London)

Traditional Networking



Information-Centric Networking

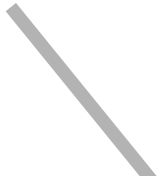
Traditional Networking

addressing end-points

addressing information

Information-Centric Networking

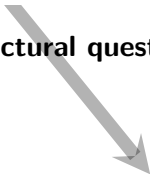
Traditional Networking



How do we address information?

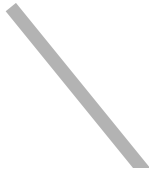
How do we obtain information?

(Architectural questions)



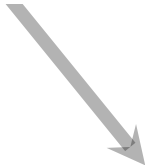
Information-Centric Networking

Traditional Networking



**How do we address information?
Tags**

**How do we obtain information?
Push/Pull**



Information-Centric Networking

Traditional Networking

How do we address information?

Tags

Scalable Routing

How do we get information?

Push/Pull

(System/Evaluation questions)

Information-Centric Networking

How do we address information?

Solution I: **name** the data

Solution I: **name** the data

- *flat*, not human readable identifiers

```
1DB76EB8DFD6B0B92A293AADC8421830BDE73CB6
```

- *hierarchical*, meaningful structured names

```
/ch/usi/inf/papalini/picture.jpg
```

`/ch/usi/inf/papalini/picture.jpg`

`/ch/usi/inf/papalini/picture.jpg`

`/nytimes/sport/baseball/mets`

`/cnn/us/sport/baseball/mets`

`/ch/usi/inf/papalini/picture.jpg`

`/nytimes/sport/baseball/mets`

`/cnn/us/sport/baseball/mets`

`/youtube/la_dolce_vita/HD`

baseball scores for NY Mets

baseball scores for NY Mets

la dolce vita in HD with english subtitles

Solution II: **describe** the data

Solution II: **describe** the data

- with *set* of **tags**

baseball, new york, mets

la dolce vita, HD, en-sub

- more expressivity

```
/ch/usi/inf/papalini/picture.jpg
```

```
1#ch, 2#usi, 3#inf, 4#papalini, 5#picture.jpg
```

- more expressivity

```
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```
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- more aggregation

```
sport, new, football
```

```
Lugano, sport, activities
```

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sport
```

- more expressivity

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How do we obtain information?

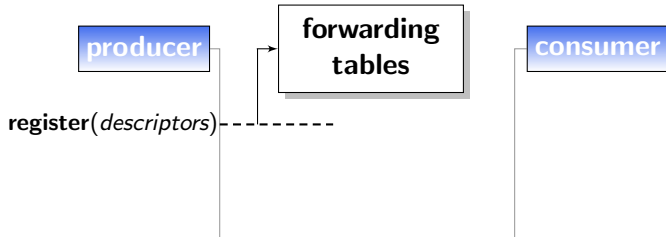
PULL

PULL

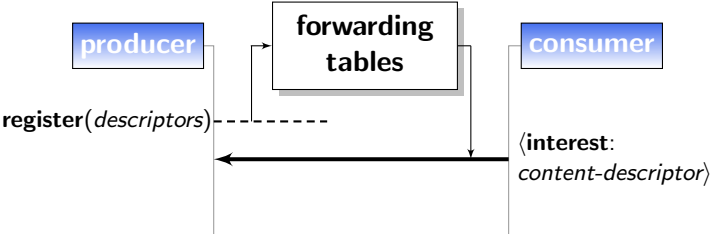
producer

consumer

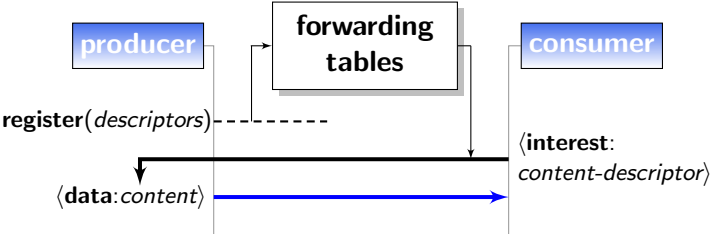
PULL



PULL



PULL



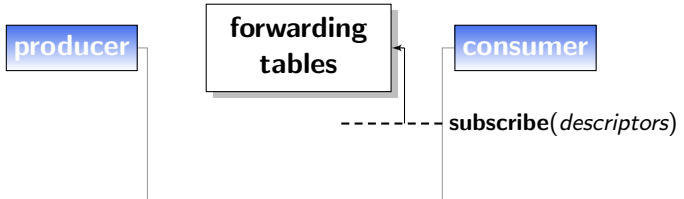
PUSH

PUSH

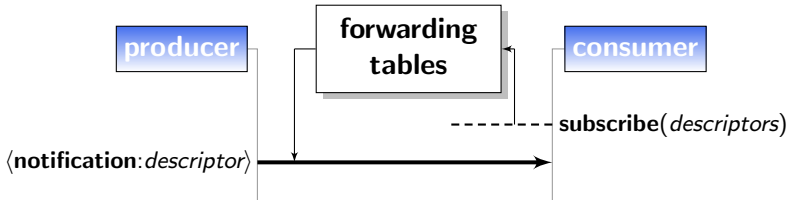
producer

consumer

PUSH



PUSH



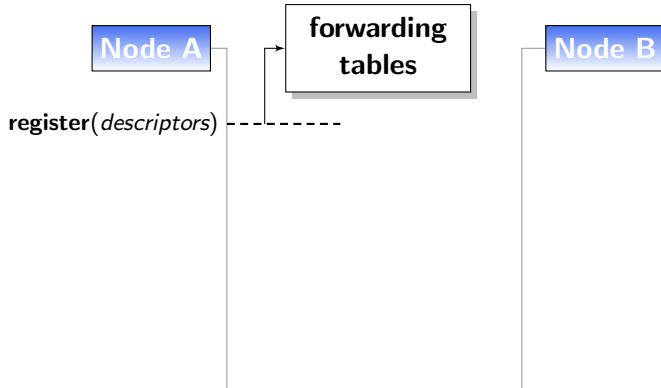
PULL
PUSH

PULL
PUSH

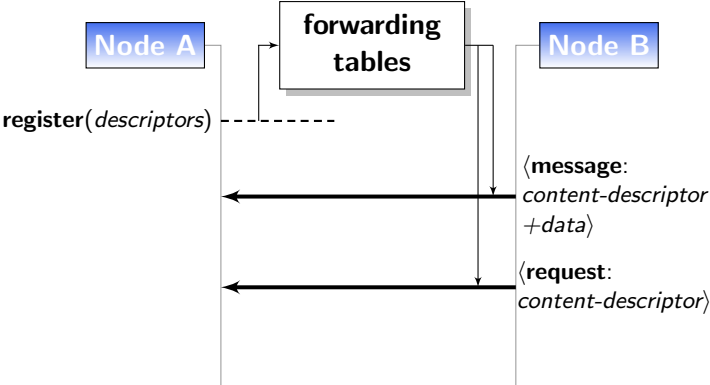
Node A

Node B

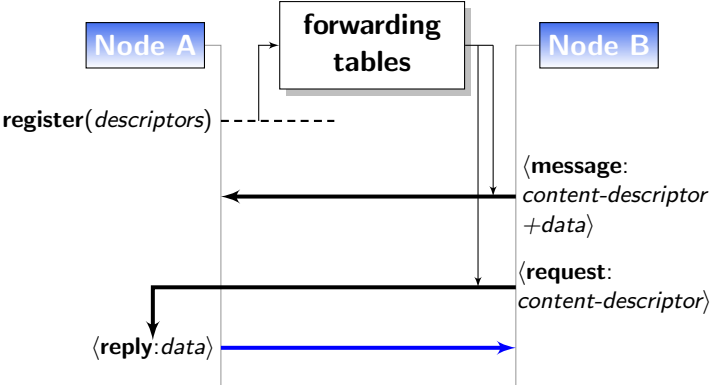
PULL SH

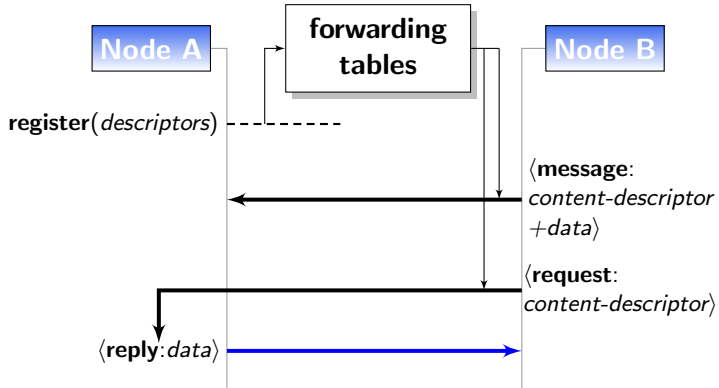


PULL SH



PULL SH



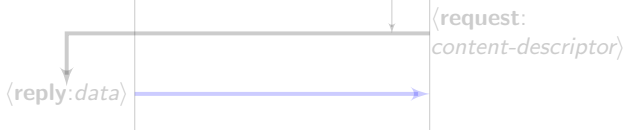


ICN 2011:

“Content-Based Publish/Subscribe Networking and Information-Centric Networking”



How do we route?



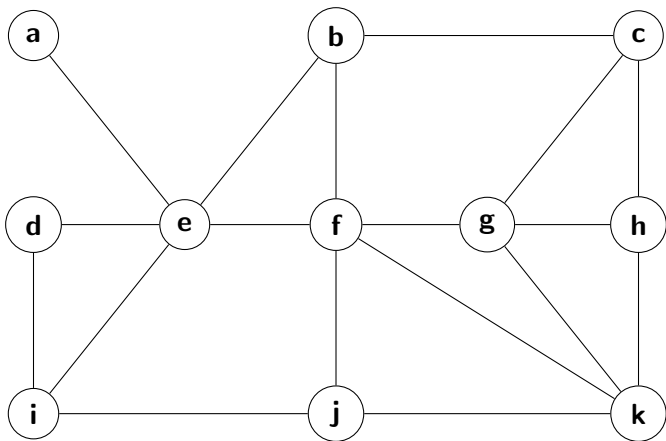
Main contribution

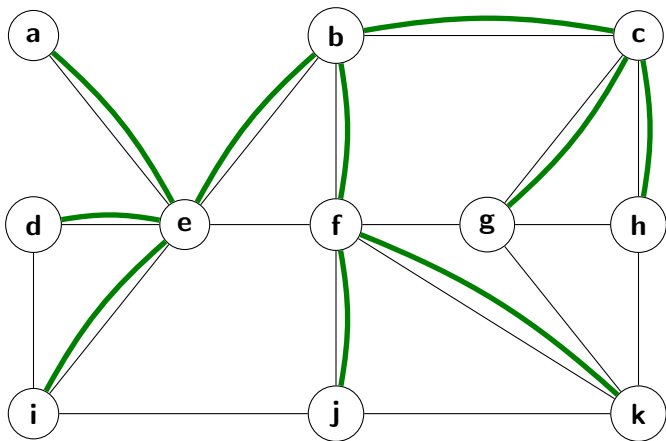
- Routing schema based on multiple trees

Main contribution

- Routing schema based on multiple trees
- Scalability analysis
 - ▶ Additional cost (hops/state) using multiple trees
 - ▶ FIBs size using a realistic workload

Routing





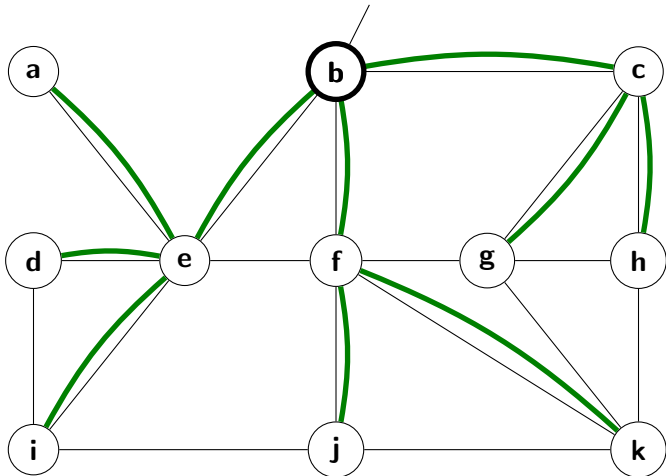
router b : next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate P_w

(FIB)

$$c \mapsto p_c \vee p_g \vee p_h$$

$$f \mapsto p_f \vee p_j \vee p_k$$

$$e \mapsto p_a \vee p_d \vee p_e \vee p_i$$



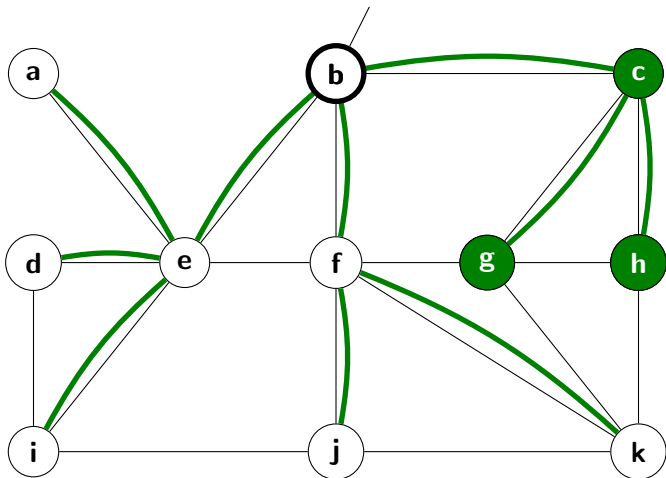
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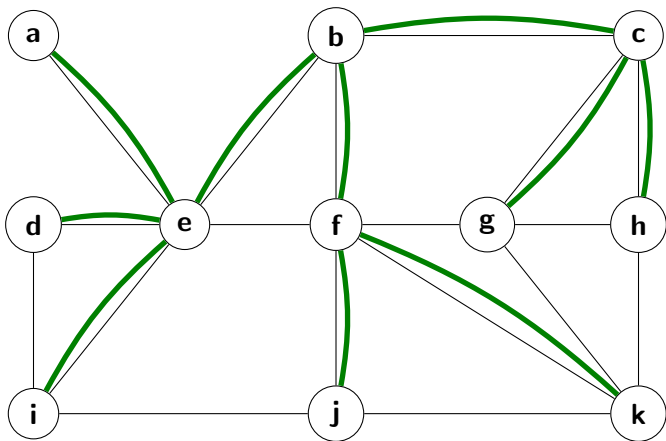
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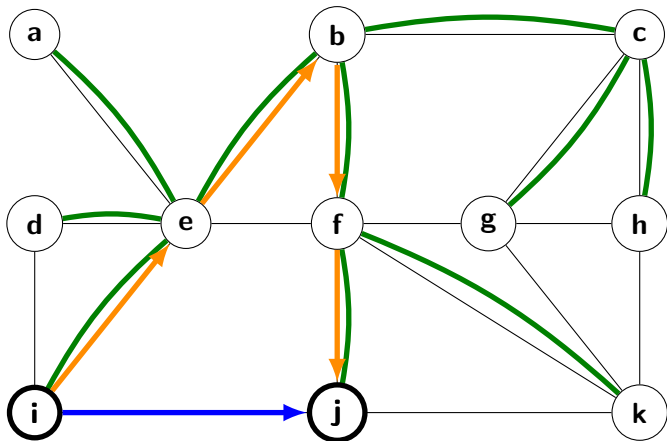
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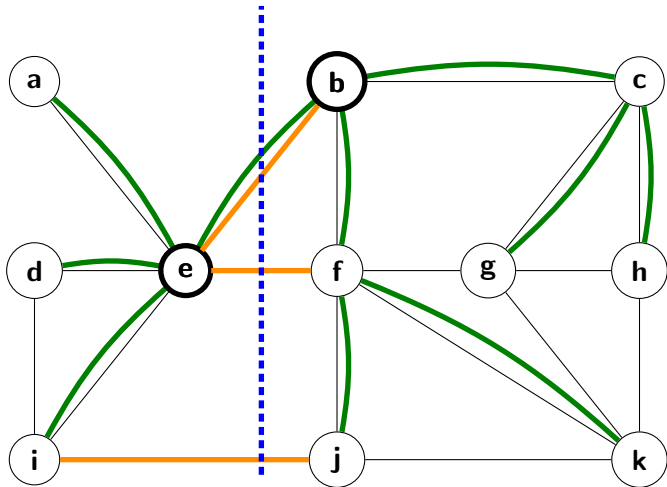




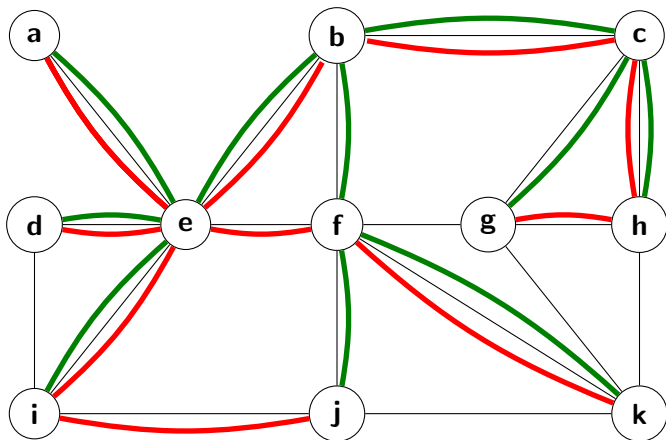
Stretched Paths



Load



Multiple Trees



router b : tree T , next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate $P_{T,w}$

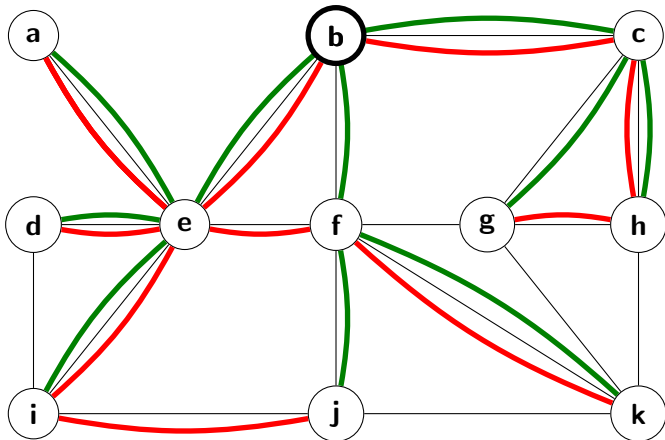
(FIB) $T_1, c \mapsto p_c \vee p_g \vee p_h$

$T_1, f \mapsto p_f \vee p_j \vee p_k$

$T_1, e \mapsto p_a \vee p_d \vee p_e \vee p_i$

$T_2, c \mapsto p_c \vee p_h \vee p_g$

$T_2, e \mapsto p_a \vee p_d \vee p_e \vee p_f \vee p_i \vee p_j \vee p_k$



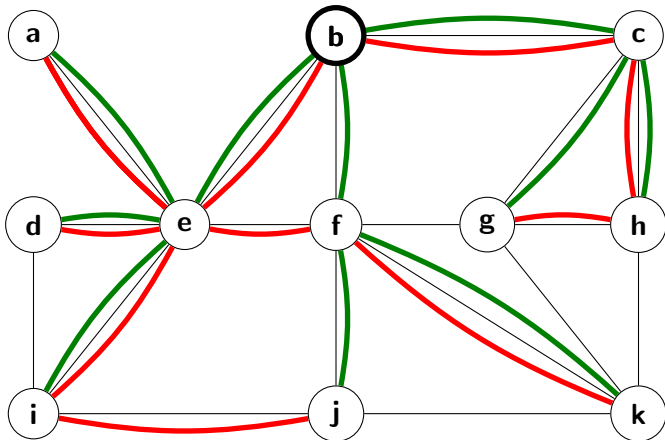
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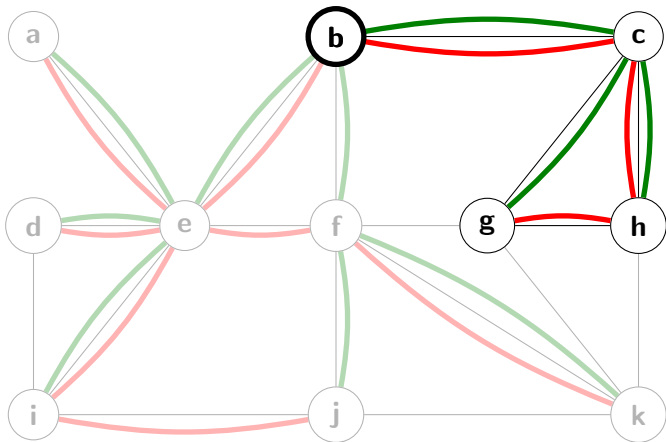
(FIB) $T_{1,c} \mapsto p_c \vee p_g \vee p_h$

Memory Complexity Problem

$T_{2,c} \mapsto p_c \vee p_g \vee p_h$

$T_{2,e} \mapsto p_a \vee p_d \vee p_e \vee p_f \vee p_i \vee p_j \vee p_k$





router b : tree T , next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate $P_{T,w}$

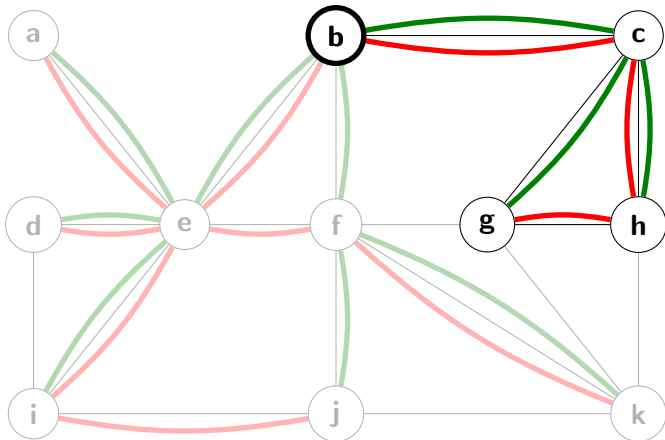
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router b : tree T , next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate $P_{T,w}$

(FIB)

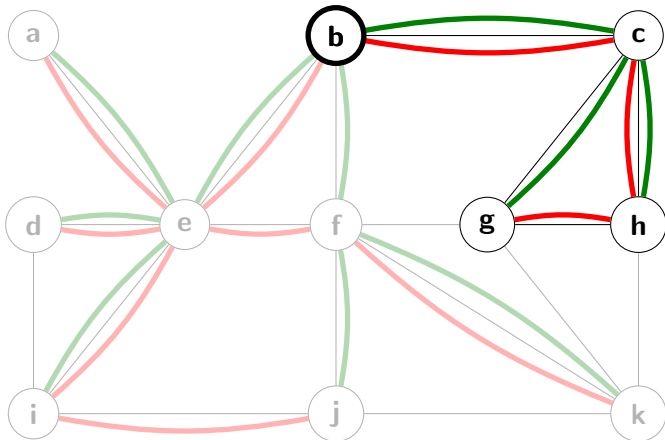
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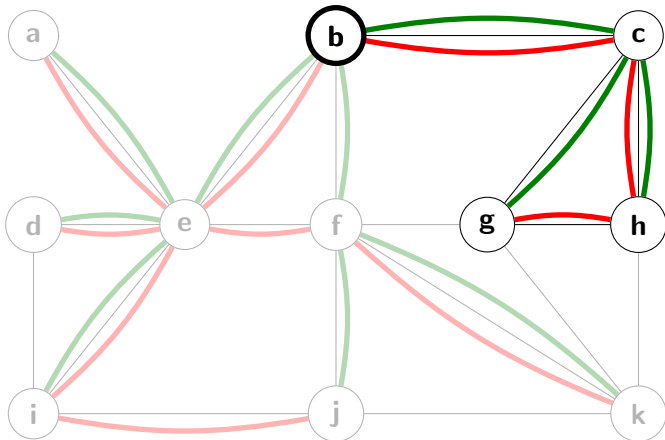
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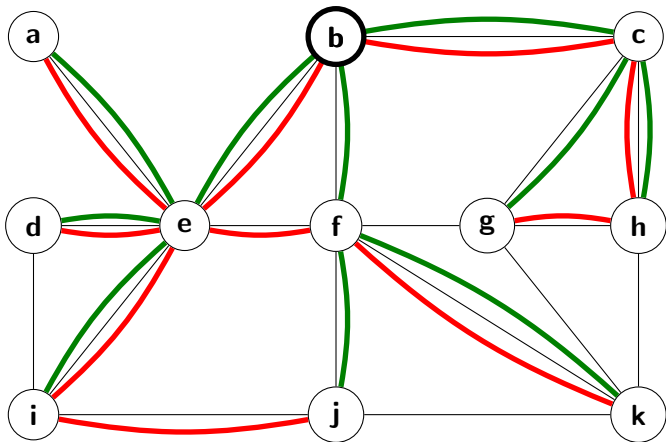
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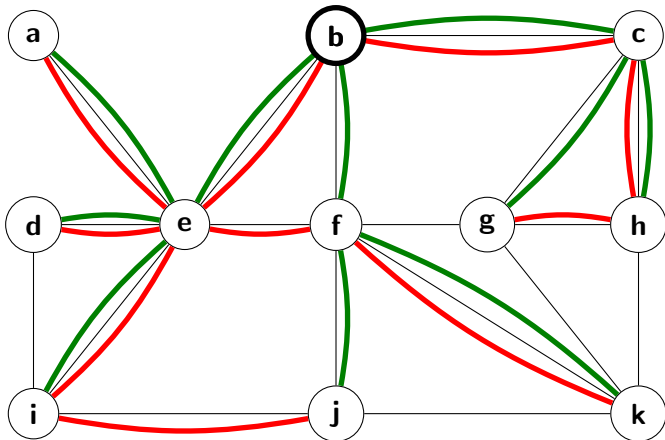
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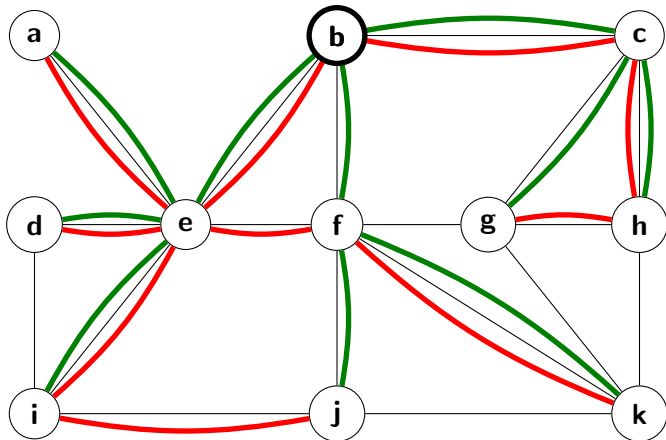
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$$(\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_a) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_d) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_e) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_i) \vee$$
$$(\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_f) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_j) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_k)$$



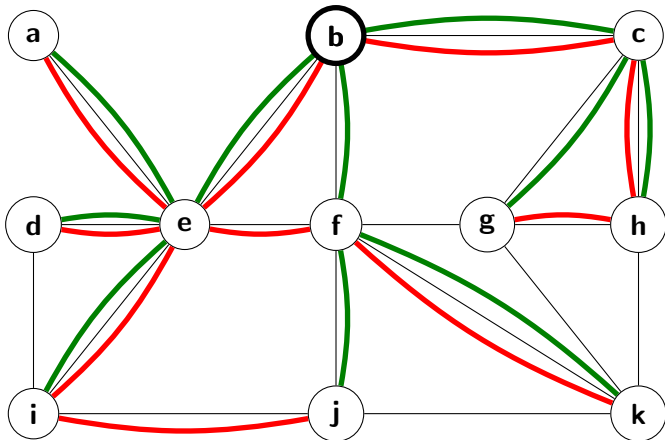
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$$e \mapsto \begin{array}{l} (\mathbf{T}_1 \wedge p_a) \vee (\mathbf{T}_1 \wedge p_d) \vee (\mathbf{T}_1 \wedge p_e) \vee (\mathbf{T}_1 \wedge p_i) \vee \\ (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_a) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_d) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_e) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_i) \vee \\ (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_f) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_j) \vee (\mathbf{T}_2 \wedge p_k) \end{array}$$



router b : next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate $P_{T,w}$

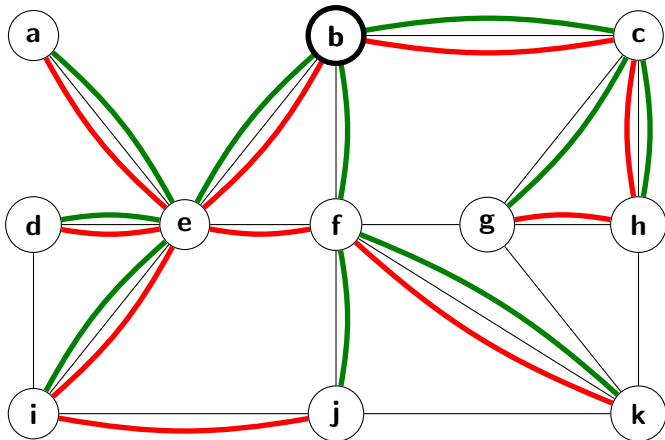
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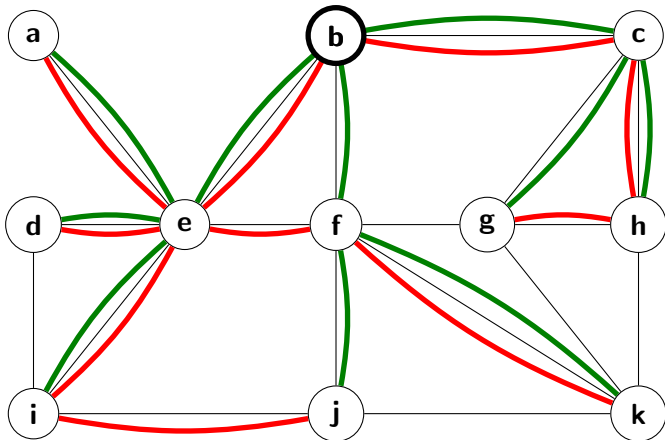
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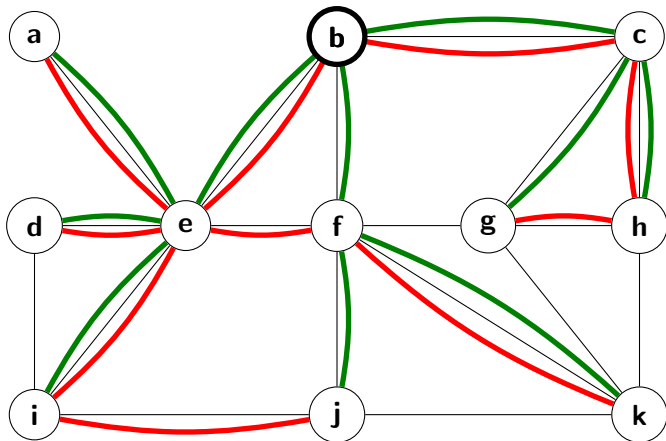
router b : next-hop $w \rightarrow$ predicate $P_{T,w}$

(FIB) $c \mapsto p_a \vee p_b \vee p_c$

coming soon: new data structure

$e \mapsto p_a \vee p_d \vee p_e \vee p_i \vee$

$(T_2 \wedge p_f) \vee (T_2 \wedge p_j) \vee (T_2 \wedge p_k)$



Evaluation

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- Q 1: Is it possible to use trees to route traffic over the Internet?

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- Q 2: Do user-defined descriptor-based addresses aggregate?

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We need a workload

What do we need?

- Topology

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
- Assign applications to users

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
- Assign applications to users
- Create the registrations

What do we need?

- Topology
 - ▶ AS-level Internet topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
- Assign applications to users
- Create the registrations

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
 - ▶ assigned to each AS according to the estimated population
- Assign applications to users
- Create the registrations

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
- Assign applications to users
 - ▶ selected according to the real number of users
- Create the registrations

What do we need?

- Topology
- Distribute users on the nodes
- Assign applications to users
- Create the registrations
 - ▶ ???

- Imagine the future Internet

- ▶ study the users behavior on different applications
- ▶ define registrations with actual tags used by users

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- Push content

- ▶ web content and blog posts
- ▶ short messages (tweets)

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- Pull content

- ▶ videos

Web Content

Goal: Understand users interests

Web Content

Goal: Understand users interests

- Users Bookmarks (Delicious)
 - ▶ bookmarks = subscription

Application	User	Registration
Delicious	1M	124M
Blogs	60K	180K
Video	1K	10K
Twitter Graph	41M	1B
Twitter Messages	400K	500K

Data Amplification

Data Amplification

- Multiple languages
 - ▶ replicate the data for the 25 most spoken languages
 - ▶ language is chosen according to the popularity

Data Amplification

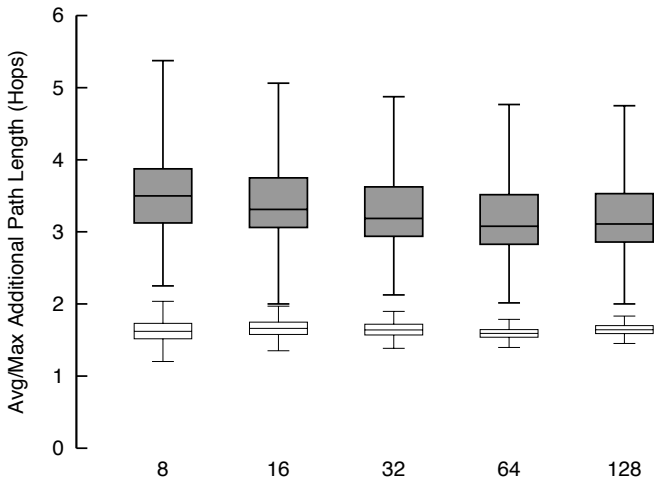
- Multiple languages
 - ▶ replicate the data for the 25 most spoken languages
 - ▶ language is chosen according to the popularity
- Synonyms
 - ▶ for each word we define synonyms
 - ▶ synonyms are randomly chosen

Evaluation

- Q 1: Is it possible to use trees to route traffic over the Internet?
- Q 2: Do user-defined descriptor-based addresses aggregate?

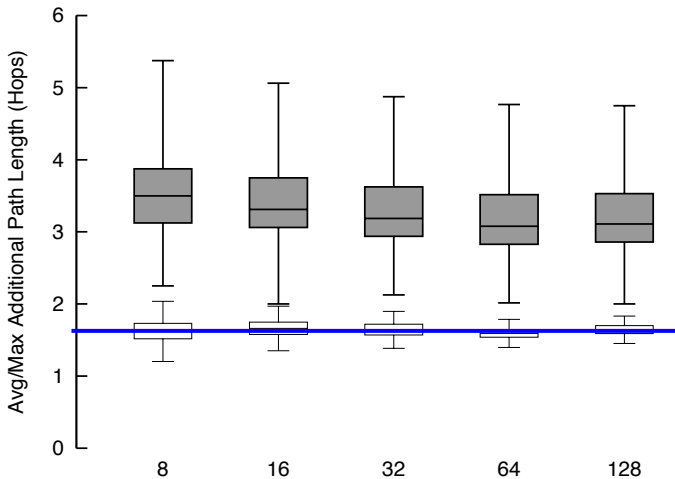
Additional cost in using k trees on the actual AS-level topology

with $k = 8, 16, 32, 64, 128$ trees



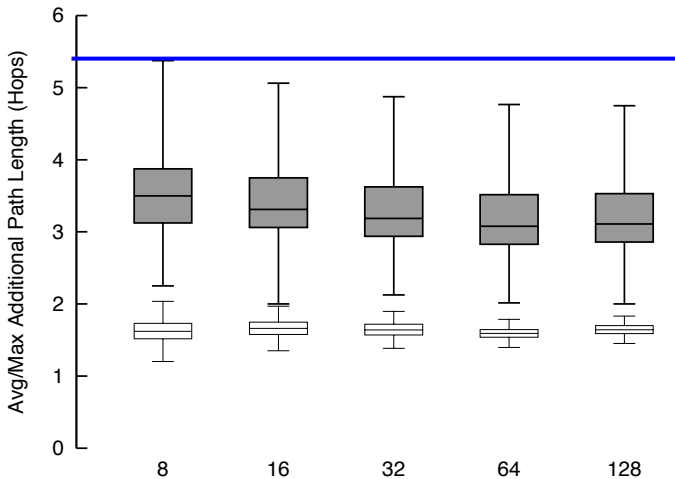
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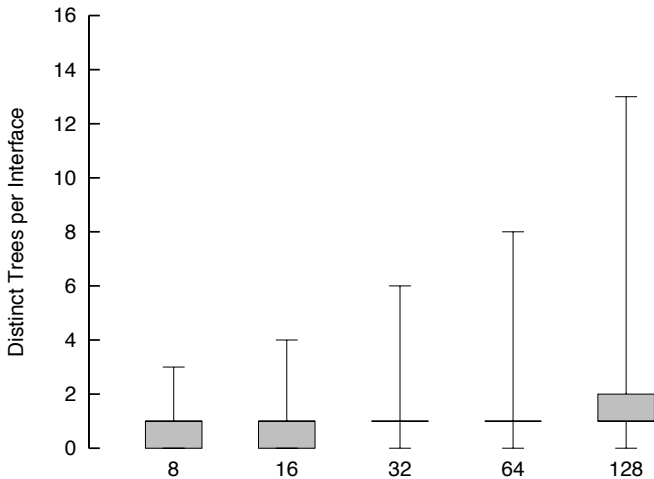
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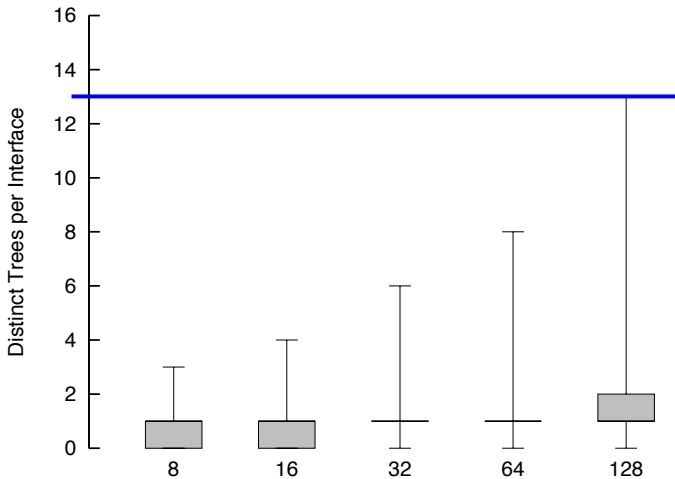
Tree aggregation in FIBs

with $k = 8, 16, 32, 64, 128$ trees



Tree aggregation in FIBs

with $k = 8, 16, 32, 64, 128$ trees



Aggregation of tag-based addresses in FIBs

memory requirements in a central node for a single tree

2.5M users

	All Interfaces	Largest
Interfaces	325	1
Destinations	42,112	6,559
Tags	276,501,173	35,814,399
Original Descriptors	85,504,514	10,727,593
Actual Descriptors	10,880,657	1,145,713
Size (MB)	518.83	54.63

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Tags	276,501,173	35,814,399
Original Descriptors	85,504,514	10,727,593
Actual Descriptors	10,880,657	1,145,713
Size (MB)	518.83	54.63
Aggregation Factor	7.85	9.36

Aggregation of tag-based addresses in FIBs

memory requirements in a central node for a single tree

2.5M users

	All Interfaces	Largest
Interfaces	325	1
Destinations	42,112	6,559
Tags	276,501,173	35,814,399
Original Descriptors	85,504,514	10,727,593
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Size (MB)	518.83	54.63

Bloom Filter size = 400 bits

Current Work

- Workload: 25M users, 513M descriptors, 8 trees
- Total descriptors: 4.1 billion

Current Work

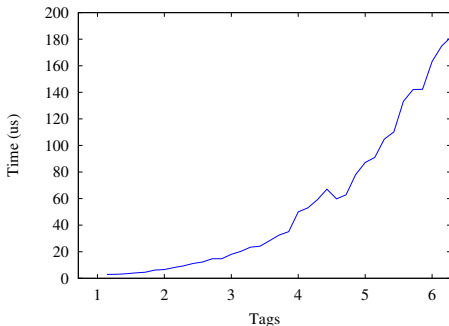
- Workload: 25M users, 513M descriptors, 8 trees
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Current Work

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- Total descriptors: 4.1 billion
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- Matching time



Conclusion

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