

## Symbolic Analysis of Networked Systems

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Joint work by the COMSYS team

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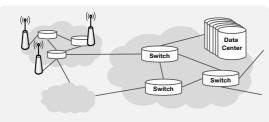
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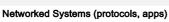


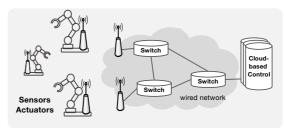
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#### **Challenges in Softwarized Communication Systems**

- Software plays an increasingly important role in networking
  - ▶ Protocols, billions of apps, etc.
  - ▶ Network elements become flexible (SDN, NFV, In-network processing)
- Important: Analysis of real code not models







Latency-critical networked control

Goal: devise a new methodology for

Software Analysis of Interacting Systems?

Rigorous, automated and effective!



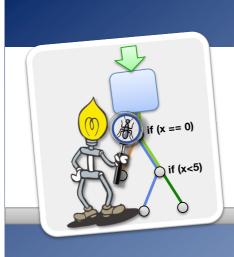


## **State of the Art in Distributed Systems Testing**

#### **Testbeds, Prototypes** Random testing **Simulation Model-based proofs Emulation** model model Automatism Automatism Automatism Automatism Coverage Coverage Coverage Coverage Effectiveness Effectiveness Effectiveness Effectiveness

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3



Traditional **Symbolic Execution** 

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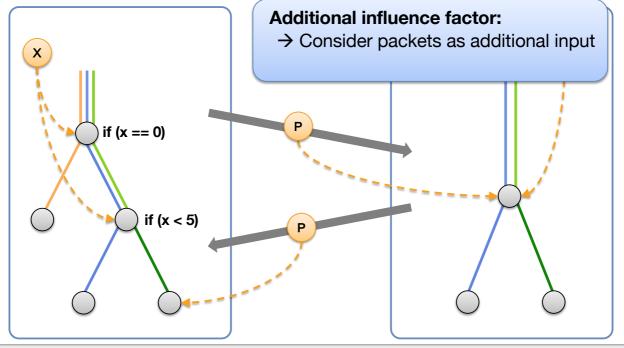


#### **Symbolic Execution: A Simple Example**

```
int get_range(int x) {
                                                         int x = symbolic_input();
       if (x == 0)
                                                         > x may be any value
           return blue();
       if (x < 50) {
                                                         if (x == 0)
           if (x > 10)
                     return red();
                                                                \bigcirc if (x < 50)
                return green();
           }
                                             if (x > 10)
       return orange();
                                            x > 10 && x < 50
                                                              ≤ 10 && x ≠ 0
  }
                                                                             est 1: x = 0
                       But, is Symbolic Execution able
                                                                             est 2: x = 22
                                                                             est 3: x = 5
                       to analyze networked systems?
                                                                              \mathbf{st} \, \mathbf{4} \colon \mathbf{x} = 99
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                                                                                         5
```

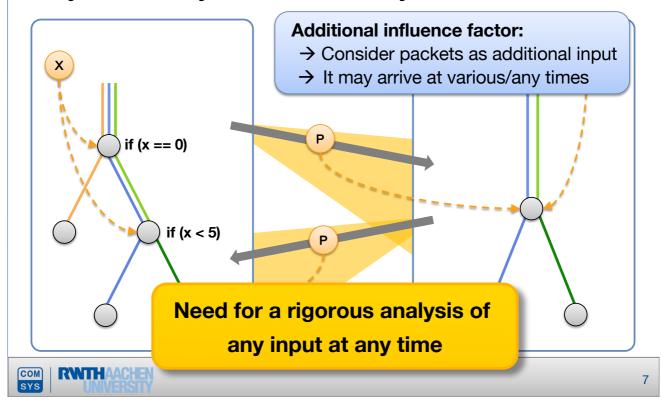
#### **Symbolic Execution and Networked Systems**

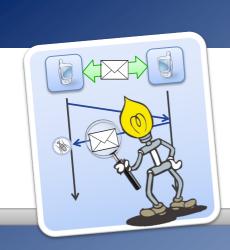
Symbolic analysis of networked systems?



## **Symbolic Execution and Networked Systems**

Symbolic analysis of networked systems?





# Symbolic Analysis of Network Input

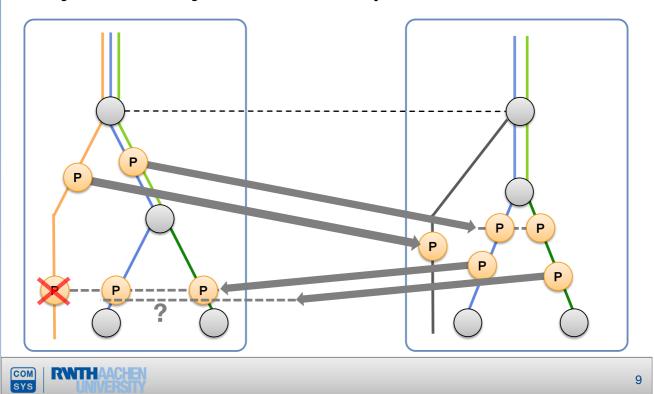
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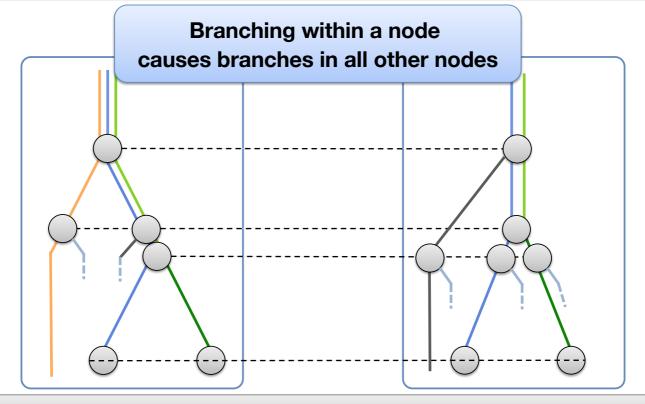


## **Symbolic Execution of Networked Systems**

Symbolic analysis of network input



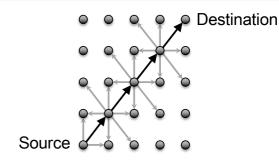
## **Symbolic Distributed Execution (SDE)**



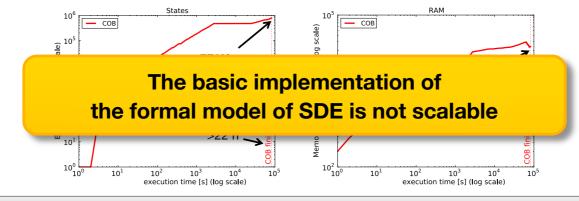
#### **SDE: State Explosion**

#### Test scenarios

- ► Grid with n² nodes (example: 49)
- Transmissions via a static path
- Symbolic network failures
- ▶ 10s simulated time



Results using the conservative approach (49 nodes)

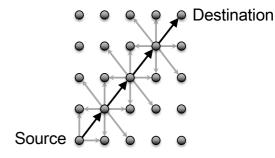


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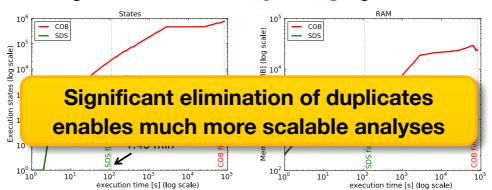
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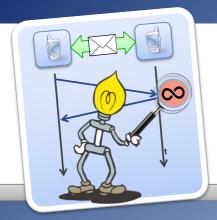
#### **SDE: Elimination of Redundant States**

- Test scenarios
  - ► Grid with n² nodes (example: 49)
  - ► Transmissions via static path
  - Symbolic network failures
  - ▶ 10s simulated time



Results using conservative and lazy forking algorithms





Infinite Loop Detection

# Symbolic Analysis of Protocol Loops

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#### **Liveness of a Protocol – Infinite Loop Detection**

- Why are infinite loops an issue with protocols?
  - ► The outmost (protocol) loop should run infinitely (intended loop)
  - ► The input handler should always finalize (non-intended loop)
  - ▶ Infinite inner loop is a bug
- When is a loop infinite?
  - ▶ If it comes to the same state, again and again!
    - maybe with (different) intermediate steps
- When is a loop erroneous
  - ▶ If it does not consume any input any more?
- BUG or FEATURE

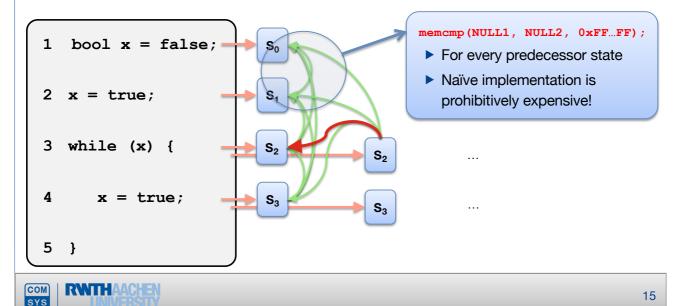
• How can we detect re-occurring same states?

Source: baynote.com



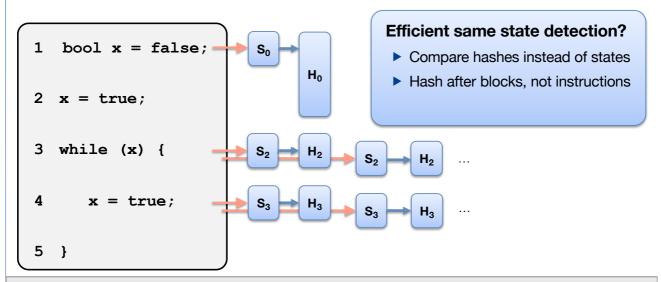
#### **Efficient Implementation of Same State Detection**

- Two states are the same if all their memory is the same
  - ▶ Including call stack and instruction pointer
- Compare each new state S<sub>X</sub> to all its predecessor states
  - ▶ How can this be achieved **efficiently**?



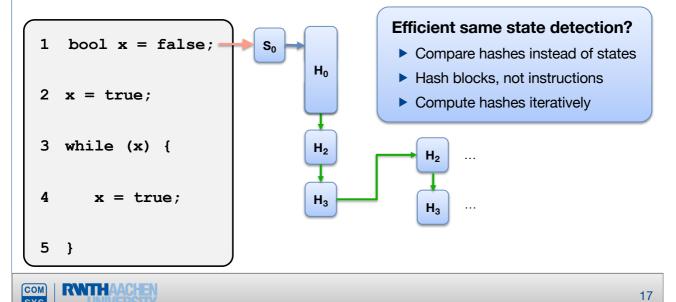
#### **Efficient Implementation of Same State Detection**

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#### **Efficient Implementation of Same State Detection**

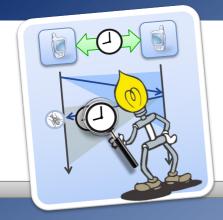
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  - Including call stack and instruction pointer
- Compare each new state S<sub>X</sub> to all its predecessor states
  - ▶ How can this be achieved efficiently?



#### Results

- So far, a total of seven previously undetected bugs were detected
  - ▶ Five bugs in the GNU Coreutils
    - e.g. in "tail": 130 line while (1) loop calling 2 functions
  - ▶ Two bugs in busybox
    - e.g. In a 490 line while (1) loop calling 2 functions
  - ▶ All bugs have been reported, confirmed and fixed
  - ▶ The coreutils bugs have existed for over 12 years!



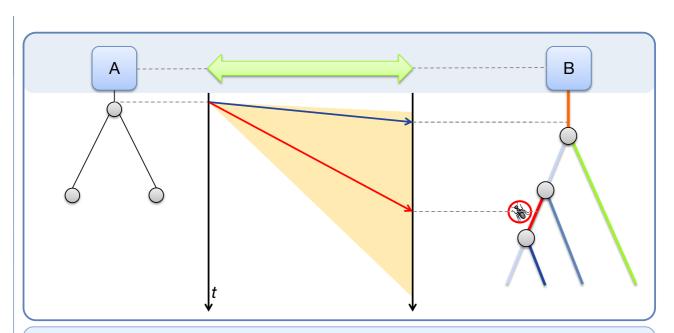


# The Next Challenge Symbolic Analysis of Temporal Uncertainty

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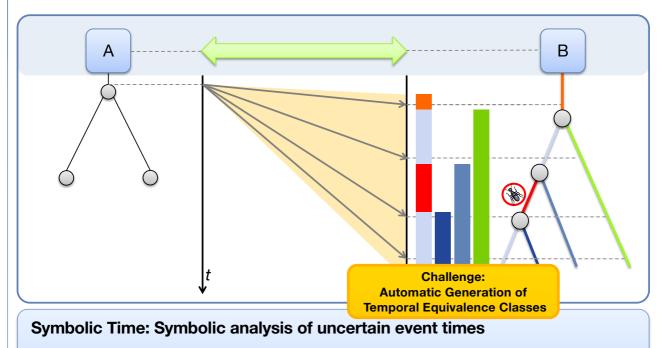


#### Analyzing uncertain event times – Why is time so important?

- ▶ State of system at arrival time of input determines the behavior
- ▶ Rigorous analysis requires analysis of all points in time!
- ► Moreover, time is continuous not discrete!







#### **Problems**

#### Challenges

- ▶Time is continuous not discrete
- → How to derive temporal equival. classes?
- ▶ Temporal dependencies in code
- → How to detect them?
- ▶ Deriving all combinations and dependencies → How to make sure to consider all cases?

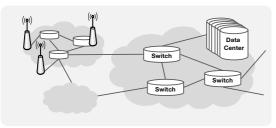
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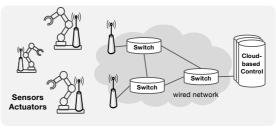
21

#### **Challenges in Softwarized Communication Systems**

- Trend: Software plays an increasingly important role in networking
  - ▶ Protocols, billions of apps, etc.
  - ▶ Network elements become flexible (SDN, NFV, In-network processing)
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Networked Systems (protocols, apps)



Latency-critical networked control

#### Reliability!

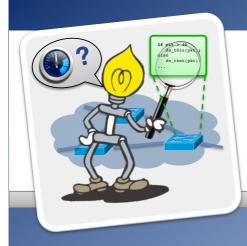
(bugs, loops)

#### Predictable?

(performance, resources)







# Symbolic Analysis of Protocol / NF Performance

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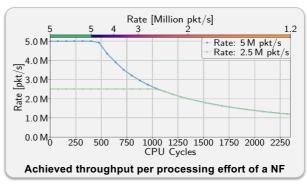
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## **Performance Prediction of Softwarized Network Functions**

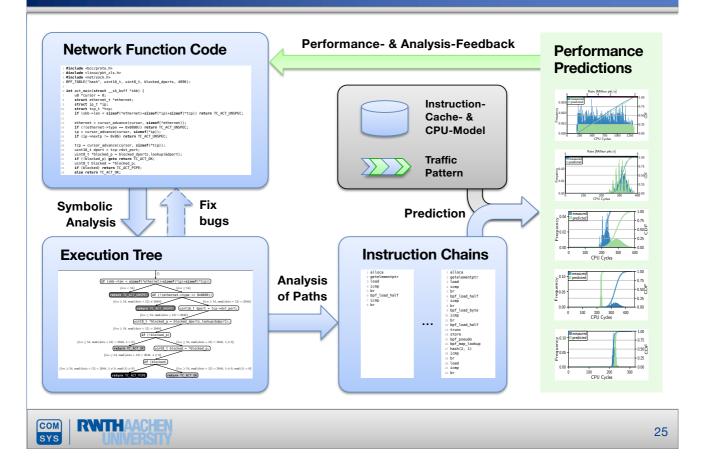
- Challenge: Prediction of Processing Effort/Time of a NF
  - ▶ Necessary processing resources?
  - Expected/worst latency?
  - ► Achievable data rate?
  - Influence among NFs?
  - ► Are we under attack?
  - **...**



- ► Code of the NF
- ► Input Traffic (Pattern, Volume)
- ► CPU Execution
  - Superscalar execution
  - Branch prediction
  - Caching

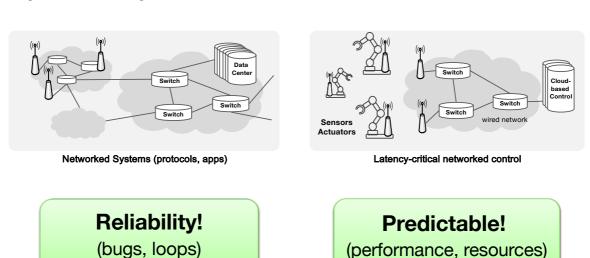


#### **Pre-Deployment Performance Prediction of On-Path NFs**



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## SYMBIOSYS project homepage

→ https://comsys.rwth-aachen.de/research/projects/symbiosys/

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